APPENDIX B

PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT
APPENDIX B
PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT

B.1 OVERVIEW OF THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT

Under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969 (Public Law 91-190) and the Council on Environmental Quality regulations, federal agencies are required to consider the environmental impacts of their proposed actions before taking action. Actions that are subject to NEPA include those involving federal funding and permits, those involving federal facilities and equipment, and those that affect federal employees. The actions proposed by the Army under the Proposed Action are subject to the requirements of NEPA. Pursuant to NEPA, the Army will prepare an environmental impact statement on the SBCT Project.

B.2 PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT

Public involvement is a vital component of NEPA for vesting the public in the decision-making process and allowing for full environmental disclosure. Guidance for implementing public involvement is codified in 40 Code of Federal Regulations 1506.6, thereby ensuring that federal agencies make a diligent effort to involve the public in preparing NEPA documents.

Objectives of Scoping
- Invite agencies and public to participate
- Identify and refine alternatives to the proposed action
- Identify a preliminary list of environmental and socioeconomic issues to address in the NEPA document
- Identify and eliminate issues determined to be insignificant
Public involvement efforts to date for the SBCT Project are described below.

Prior to NEPA analysis, public scoping meetings were conducted to obtain public input on the Proposed Action and the alternatives. These meetings were conducted between April 6 and April 30, 2002.

Hawaii and Oahu scoping meeting notices were published in the Hawaii Tribune-Herald, West Hawaii Today, The Honolulu Advertiser, Honolulu Star-Bulletin, Midweek, and OEQC’s The Environmental Notice. Publication dates are as follows:

- Hawaii Tribune-Herald—March 31, 2002; April 2 and 4, 2002
- West Hawaii Today—March 31, 2002; April 2, 4 and 5, 2002
- The Honolulu Advertiser—April 7, 9, 10 and 11, 2002
- Honolulu Star-Bulletin—April 7, 9, 10 and 11, 2002
- Midweek—April 10, 2002
- The Environmental Notice—April 8, 2002

Meeting locations included the following:

- April 6, 2002—Hilo Hawaiian Hotel, Hilo Hawaii;
- April 17, 2002—Hilton Waikoloa Village, Waikoloa, Hawaii;
- April 23, 2002—Leilehua High School, Wahiawa, Hawaii;
- April 24, 2002—Kawanakoa Middle School, Honolulu, Hawaii;
- April 25, 2002—Haleiwa Elementary School, Haleiwa, Hawaii;
- April 29, 2002—Kahuku High and Intermediate School, Kahuku, Hawaii; and

On March 4, 2002, the Army published a notice of intent in the Federal Register, which notified the public of the SBCT Project, announced the seven public scoping meetings, and solicited public comments. Comments were accepted through June 29, 2002.

Newspaper advertisements and media releases were issued to notify the public of the project, to request public comments, and to provide contact information. A media release was issued on May 29, 2002, announcing the extension of the public comment period to June 29, 2002. Notices announcing the extension also were placed in regional newspapers.

In conjunction with the publication of the notice of intent, an SBCT Project EIS Web site was launched to serve as a clearinghouse of project information while the EIS is being developed. The Web site (www.sbcteis.com) provides up-to-date information on
the Proposed Action. A link is also available for Web site visitors to submit comments about the project.

Once the General of the Army approves the draft EIS for public review, it will be distributed to elected officials, regulatory agencies, and members of the public. The availability of this document will be announced in the Federal Register, and a 45-day public comment period will follow to provide the public with the opportunity to comment on the findings of the EIS. At the conclusion of this period, the General will weigh appropriate information and will decide which alternative to implement. This decision will be published in the Federal Register.

**B.3 METHODS OF COMMENT COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS**

In order to ensure that public comments are properly registered and that all public comments are addressed, a Public Comment Analysis and Tracking System (PCATS) was adopted. The Army will use the PCATS to record and track letters by category, which will ensure that all public comments are recorded, tracked, and addressed accurately.

**B.4 OTHER PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT MATERIALS**

Additional materials used in the public scoping process for the SBCT Transformation EIS are included in this appendix. These include the following:

- Federal Register, notice of intent, dated March 4, 2002;
- Media release for extension of Transformation EIS public comment period, dated May 29, 2002;
- Public Notice for Transformation EIS scoping meetings during April 2002;
- Affidavit of publication for extension of transformation EIS public comment period to June 29, 2002, in The Honolulu Star-Bulletin;
- Affidavit of publication for extension of Transformation EIS public comment period to June 29, 2002, The Honolulu Advertiser;
- Affidavit of publication for extension of Transformation EIS public comment period to June 29, 2002, The Honolulu Tribune Herald; and
Federal, state, and local agencies, organizations, and the public are invited to participate in the scoping process for the completion of this EIS by participating in scoping meetings or submitting written comments. The scoping process will assist the Army in identifying potential impacts to the quality of the human environment. Scoping meetings will be held in Anchorage, Delta Junction, and Fairbanks, Alaska. Notification of the times and locations for the scoping meetings will be published in local newspapers. Written comments will be accepted within 30 days of the scoping meetings. Written comments may be forwarded to Mr. Kevin Gardner at the above address.


Raymond J. Fatz. 
Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Army (Environment, Safety and Occupational Health, OASA(I&E).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The proposed action would result in changes to various military lands in Hawaii. Categories of proposed activities include: (1) Fielding of new or modified weapon systems, armored vehicles and equipment; (2) Construction activities including erection of buildings, training facilities and infrastructure, and renovation or demolition of buildings and facilities at military installations located on the islands of Oahu and Hawaii; (3) Land transactions (acquisition, asset management and disposal); (4) Deployment of forces and specific training for deployment; (5) Training to achieve and maintain readiness to perform assigned missions; (6) institutional matters to include the entire range of diverse day-to-day activities not otherwise accounted for in other activities.

Alternatives include: (1) No Action (existing unit structure and training, no specifically planned activities for transformation); (2) Transformation of the 172nd Infantry Brigade (Separate) to an IBCT using existing ranges facilities and infrastructure as they are now configured; (3) Transformation of the 172nd Infantry Brigade (Separate) to an IBCT and mission sustainment activities including new, additional, or modified ranges, facilities and infrastructure; (4) Total transformation of U.S. Army Alaska (USARAK) mission activities and capabilities, to include the near-term transformation of the 172nd Infantry Brigade (Separate) to an IBCT, in order to meet Objective Force requirements fulfilling the Army Vision of an Army that has the characteristics of being more responsive, deployable, agile, versatile, lethal, survivable, and sustainable; being strategically responsive; and being able to deploy rapidly and being dominant across the full spectrum of operations. Other alternatives that may be raised during the scoping process will be considered.

Publication of this Notice of Intent does not foreclose consideration of any courses of actions or possible decisions addressed by the U.S. Department of the Army in its Draft Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement (PEIS) for Army Transformation, dated June 2001. No final decisions will be made regarding Transformation in Alaska prior to completion and signature of the Record of Decision for the PEIS for Army Transformation.
Publication of this NOI does not foreclose consideration of any courses of actions or possible decisions addressed by the Department of Army in its Draft Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement (PEIS) for Army Transformation, dated June 2001. No final decisions will be made regarding transformation in Alaska prior to completion and signature of the Record of Decision for the PEIS for Army Transformation.

Scoping Process: Federal, state, and local agencies and the public are invited to participate in the scoping process for the completion of this EIS. The scoping process will help the Army in identifying potential impacts to the quality of the human environment. Scoping meetings will be held at various locations on the islands of Oahu and Hawaii. Notification of the times and locations for the scoping meetings will be published in local newspapers. Written comments identifying potential impacts to be analyzed in the EIS will be accepted within 30 days of the scoping meetings. Written comments may be forwarded to Mr. Earl Nagasawa at the above address.


Raymond J. Fatz,
Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Army (Environment, Safety and Occupation Health), OASA (IEE).

[FR Doc. 02–5084 Filed 3–1–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3710–08–M

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
Department of the Army

Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

AGENCY: Department of the Army.

ACTION: Notice to alter a system of records.

SUMMARY: The Department of the Army is altering a system of records notice in its existing inventory of record systems subject to the Privacy Act of 1974, (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended.

DATES: This proposed action will be effective without further notice on April 3, 2002, unless comments are received which result in a contrary determination.


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Janice Thornton at (703) 806–4390 or DSN 656–4390 or Ms. Christie King at (703) 806–3711 or DSN 656–3711.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Department of the Army systems of records notices subject to the Privacy Act of 1974, (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended, have been published in the Federal Register and are available from the address above.

The proposed system report, as required by 5 U.S.C. 552a(r) of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, was submitted on February 22, 2002, to the House Committee on Government Reform, the Senate Committee on Governmental Affairs, and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) pursuant to paragraph 4c of Appendix I to OMB Circular No. A–130, ‘Federal Agency Responsibilities for Maintaining Records About Individuals,’ dated February 8, 1996 (February 20, 1996, 61 FR 6427).


L.M. Bynum,
Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.

A0190–9 DAMO

SYSTEM NAME: Absentee Case Files.


CATegories of Individuals Covered by the System:

Active duty Army, U.S. Army Reserve on active duty or in active duty training status, and Army National Guard personnel on active duty, absent without authority from their place of duty, listed as absentee, and/or who have been designated as a deserter.

CATegories of Records in the System:

Individual’s name, Social Security Number, grade, reports and records which document the individual’s absence; notice of unauthorized absence from U.S. Army which constitutes the warrant for arrest; notice of return to military control or continued absence in hands of civil authorities.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE of the SYSTEM:

10 U.S.C. 3013, Secretary of the Army, Army Regulation 190–9, Absentee Deserter Apprehension Program and Surrender of Military Personnel to Civilian Law Enforcement Agencies; Army Regulation 630–10, Absence Without Leave, Desertion, and Administration of Personnel Involved in Civilian Court Proceedings; and E.O. 9397 (SSN).

PURPOSE(S):

To enter data in the FBI National Crime Information Center ‘wanted person’ file; to ensure apprehension actions are initiated/terminated promptly and accurately; and to serve management purposes through examining causes of absenteeism and developing programs to deter unauthorized absences.
Army Extends Transformation EIS Public Comment Period

SCHOFIELD BARRACKS --The Army is extending the public comment period for the Transformation Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) by 30 days to June 29.

"The Army will continue its ongoing dialogue with the individuals and organizations in the community as it prepares an EIS for transformation of the 2nd Brigade, 25th Infantry Division (Light)," said Col. William Puttmann, Commander, U.S. Army Garrison, Hawaii.

In response to public comments, the Army will provide, by mail, additional informational materials that briefly describe the projects encompassed in Transformation to everyone who attended the public scoping meetings conducted in April on the Big Island and Oahu. Others interested in receiving these materials should contact the address or number listed below.

The information packet will include presentations, proposed descriptions of projects, handouts, and available maps.

This information will also be available on the Transformation EIS website www.ibcteis.com, at the University of Hawaii Environmental Center in Manoa, and the following libraries: Main, Kahuku Public and School, Mililani, Wahiawa, Waialua, Waianae, on Oahu and the Hilo, Kailua-Kona, and Thelma Parker, Kamuela, libraries on Hawaii.

"The Army will also continue to offer discussions or workshops to organizations interested in learning about Transformation," Puttmann said.

The Army continues the scoping process, it will respond to requests for workshops and discussions until the end of the comment period and accept written comments post marked, faxed, or e-mailed by June 29. Requests and comments, or if an organization is interested in receiving a workshop of discussion, please contact: Mr. Earl Nagasawa, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Honolulu Engineer District, Programs and Project Management Division, Attn: CEPOH-PP-E (Nagasawa), Building 252, Fort Shafter, Hawaii 96858-5440; email earl.nagasawa@usace.army.mil; phone 438-0772 or fax (808) 438-7801.

For additional information, contact Troy Griffin at 655-4221.
PUBLIC NOTICE
Scoping Meetings to Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement for Transformation of the 2nd Brigade, 25th Infantry Division (Light) to an Interim Brigade Combat Team

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers announces scoping meetings to engage public participation in the environmental impact statement process that will address converting the 2nd Brigade, 25th Infantry Division (Light) stationed in Hawaii to an Interim Brigade Combat Team (IBCT). An IBCT is a rapidly deployable, early-entry, medium-weight force with a decreased logistical footprint. IBCT fielding is an integral part of the process of developing a new fighting infrastructure that is partly based on self-sufficient, brigade-sized units.

Converting the 2nd Brigade, 25th Infantry Division (Light) would result in the following force structure and facility changes that may have the potential to impact various Army installations and training lands in Hawaii.

- Fielding of new or modified weapon systems, armored vehicles, and equipment.
- Construction activities including erection of buildings, training facilities and infrastructure, and renovation or demolition of training facilities at military installations located on the islands of Oahu and Hawaii.
- Land transactions (acquisition, asset management, and disposal).
- Deployment of forces and specific training for deployment.
- Training to achieve and maintain readiness to perform missions.
- Other actions necessary to support a net increase in troops and vehicles to be assigned to the 2nd Brigade, 25th Infantry Division (Light).

Public scoping meetings will be held at and on the dates and times listed below. During each meeting, attendees will be introduced to the Army’s vision of its future toward American leadership and security, the IBCT transformation process, and the range of proposed transformation activities. The public will also have the opportunity to provide input on what they would like the EIS to address as it pertains to the Army’s proposal to convert the 2nd Brigade, 25th Infantry Division (Light) to an IBCT. Public comments will be accepted for a period of 15 days following the meeting dates and can be submitted in writing to the individual named below.

- **Hilo Hawaiian Hotel**
  - Moku'ola Room
  - 71 Banyan Drive
  - Hilo, HI 96720
  - April 16, 2002
  - 5:30 p.m. to 8:30 p.m.

- **Hilton Waikoloa Village**
  - Kohala 1 & 2
  - 425 Waikoloa Beach Drive
  - Waikoloa, HI 96738
  - April 17, 2002
  - 5:30 p.m. to 8:30 p.m.

- **Leilehua High School**
  - Cafeteria
  - 1515 California Avenue
  - Wahiawa, HI 96786
  - April 23, 2002
  - 6:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m.

- **Kawananakoa Middle School**
  - Cafeteria
  - 49 Funchal Street
  - Honolulu, HI 96813
  - April 24, 2002
  - 6:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m.

- **Haleiwa Elementary School**
  - Cafeteria
  - 66-505 Haleiwa Road
  - Haleiwa, HI 96712
  - April 25, 2002
  - 6:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m.

- **Kahuku High & Intermediate School**
  - Cafeteria
  - 56-490 Kamehameha Highway
  - Kahuku, HI 96731
  - April 29, 2002
  - 6:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m.
Nanakuli High & Intermediate School
Cafeteria
89-980 Nanakuli Avenue
Waianae, Hawaii 96792
April 30, 2002
6:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m.

Send written comments to or request additional information from:

   Earl Nagasawa
   U.S. Army Engineer District, Honolulu
   Programs and Project Management Division
   Environmental and Special Projects Branch
   Building 252
   CEPOH-PP-E
   Fort Shafter, HI 96858-5440
   Telephone: 808-438-0772
   Fax: 808-438-7801
   E-mail: Earl.I.Nagasawa@poh01.usace.army.mil
PUBLIC NOTICE
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- Fielding of new or modified weapon systems, armored vehicles, and equipment.
- Construction activities including erection of buildings, training facilities and infrastructure, and renovation or demolition of training facilities at military installations located on the islands of Oahu and Hawaii.
- Land transactions (acquisition, asset management, and disposal).
- Deployment of forces and specific training for deployment.
- Training to achieve and maintain readiness to perform missions.
- Other actions necessary to support a net increase in troops to be assigned to the 2nd Brigade, 25th Infantry Division (Light).

Public scoping meetings on the Big Island will be held at and on the dates and times listed below. During each meeting, attendees will be introduced to the Army’s vision of its future toward American leadership and security, the IBCT transformation process, and the range of proposed transformation activities. The public will also have the opportunity to provide input on what they would like the EIS to address as it pertains to the Army’s proposal to convert the 2nd Brigade, 25th Infantry Division (Light) to an IBCT. Public comments will be accepted for a period of 15 days following the meeting dates and can be submitted in writing to the individual named below.

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Send written comments to or request additional information from:

Earl Nagasawa
U.S. Army Engineer District, Honolulu
Programs and Project Management Division
Environmental and Special Projects Branch
Building 252
CEPOH-PP-E
Fort Shafter, HI 96858-5440
Telephone: 808-438-0772
Fax: 808-438-7801
E-mail: Earl.L.Nagasawa@poh01.usace.army.mil
IN THE MATTER OF
Army Extends Transformation

AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF HAWAII )

City and County of Honolulu ) SS.

Carrie-Ann Asuncion, being duly sworn, deposes and says that she is a clerk, duly authorized to execute this affidavit of MidWeek Printing, Inc., publisher of MidWeek and the Honolulu Star-Bulletin, that said newspapers are newspapers of general circulation in the State of Hawaii, and that the attached notice is true notice as was published in the aforementioned newspapers as follows:

MidWeek ______________ times on

________________________

Honolulu Star-Bulletin _______ times on
05/31/2002, 06/02/2002, 06/05/2002

And that affiant is not a party to or in any way interested in the above entitled matter.

C. ASUNCION

Subscribed to and sworn before me this __________ day of __________ A.D. 2002

Notary Public of the First Judicial Circuit
State of Hawaii

My commission expires October 07, 2002

PATRICIA K. REESE
Notary Public
State of Hawaii

Army Extends Transformation EIS Public Comment Period

SCHOFIELD BARRACKS - The Army is extending the public comment period for the Transformation Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) by 30 days to June 29.

"The Army will continue its ongoing dialogue with the individuals and organizations in the community as it prepares an EIS for transformation of the 2nd Brigade, 25th Infantry Division (Light)," said Col. William Puttmann, Commander, U.S. Army Garrison, Hawaii.

In response to public comments, the Army will provide, by mail, additional informational materials that briefly describe the projects encompassed in Transformation to everyone who attended the public scoping meetings conducted in April on the Big Island and Oahu. Others interested in receiving these materials should contact the address or number listed below.

The information packet will include presentations, proposed descriptions of projects, handouts, and available maps.

This information packet will also be available on the Transformation EIS website www.lbctop.com, at the University of Hawaii Environmental Center in Manoa, and the following libraries: Main, Kahuku Public and School, Milliken, Waihau, Waiula, Waianae, on Oahu and the Hilo, Kalua-Kona, and Thelma Parker, Kamuela, libraries on Hawaii.

"The Army will also continue to offer discussions or workshops to organizations interested in learning about Transformation," Puttmann said.

The Army continues the scoping process, it will respond to requests for workshops and discussions until the end of the comment period and accept written comments postmarked, faxed, or e-mailed by June 29. Requests and comments, or if an organization is interested in receiving a workshop of discussion, please contact: Mr. Earl Nagasawa, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Honolulu Engineer District, Programs and Project Management Division, Attn: CEPOH-PP-E (Nagasawa), Building 252, Fort Shafter, Hawaii 96858-8440; email earl.nagasawa@usace.army.mil; phone 438-0772 or fax (808) 438-7801.

For additional information, contact Troy Griffin at 655-4221.
(SBO3501427: 5/31/02, 6/2/02, 6/5/02)
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IN THE MATTER OF

ARMY EXTENDS TRANSFORMATION EIS PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD

AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF HAWAII
City and County of Honolulu

Grace Santos, being duly sworn, deposes and says that she is a clerk, duly authorized to execute this affidavit of THE HONOLULU ADVERTISER, a division of GANNETT PACIFIC CORPORATION, that said newspaper is a newspaper of general circulation in the State of Hawaii, and that the attached notice is a true notice as was published in the aforereferenced newspaper as follows:

The Honolulu Advertiser: 3 time(s), on 05/31/2002, 06/02/2002, 06/05/2002

and that affiant is not a party to or in any way interested in the above entitled matter.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of June A.D. 2002

Elsie A. Maruyama
Notary Public of the First Judicial Circuit
State of Hawaii
My commission expires March 7, 2004
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AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

State of Hawaii )
) SS:
County of Hawaii )

LEILANI K. R. HIGAKI

being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

1. That she is the BUSINESS MANAGER of
HAWAII TRIBUNE HERALD, a
newspaper published in the City of HILO,
State of Hawaii.

2. That the "Army Extends Transformation EIS Public Comment Period...etc.,

of which a clipping from the newspaper as published is attached hereto, was published in said newspaper on the following date(s)

May 31, June 2, 5, 2002

#175834

Subscribed and sworn to before me

this 13th day of June, 2002

SHARON H. P. OGATA
Notary Public, Third Circuit, State of Hawaii
My commission expires October 1, 2004
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Army Extends Transformation EIS Public Comment Period

SCHOFIELD BARRACKS — The Army is extending the public comment period for the Transformation Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) by 30 days to June 29.

"The Army will continue its ongoing dialogue with the individuals and organizations in the community as it prepares an EIS for transformation of the 2nd Brigade, 25th Infantry Division (Light)," said Col. William Puttmann, Commander, U.S. Army Garrison, Hawaii.

In response to public comments, the Army will provide, by mail, additional informational materials that briefly describe the projects encompassed in Transformation to everyone who attended the public scoping meetings conducted in April on the Big Island and Oahu. Others interested in receiving those materials should contact the address or number listed below.

The information packet will include presentations, proposed descriptions of projects, handouts, and available maps.

This information will also be available on the Transformation EIS website www.bcteis.com, at the University of Hawaii Environmental Center in Manoa, and the following libraries: Main, Kahunu Public and School, Millani, Waialua, Waikane, Wai'anae, on Oahu and the Hilo, Kailua-Kona, and Theima Parker, Kaua'i, libraries on Hawaii.

"The Army will also continue to offer discussions or workshops to organizations interested in learning about Transformation," Puttmann said.

The Army continues the scoping process, it will respond to requests for workshops and discussions until the end of the comment period and accept written comments postmarked, faxed, or e-mailed by June 29. Requests and comments, or if an organization is interested in receiving a workshop of discussion, please contact Mr. Earl Nagasawa, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Honolulu Engineer District, Programs and Project Management Division, Attn: CEHOG-PR-E (Nagasawa), Building 256, Fort Shafter, Hawaii 96856-5440; email earl.nagasawa@usace.army.mil; phone 438-0772 or fax 438-7801.

For additional information, contact Troy Griffin at 655-4221.

(175834 Hawaii Tribune-Herald: May 31, June 2, 5, 2002)
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May 28, 2002

Office of the Garrison Commander

Dear Community Member:

I would like to thank you for participating in our public scoping process for our proposal to transform the Second Brigade of the 25th Infantry Division (Light) into an Interim Brigade Combat Team (IBCT). This letter contains additional information about our proposal to help you in your further participation. We take our stewardship of the environment very seriously and use the public scoping part of the Environmental Impact Statement development process to help us involve the community and determine the concerns and significant issues of our proposed action.

We began this scoping process by publishing a Notice of Intent (NOI) in the Federal Register on March 4, 2002. I have included a copy of the NOI with this letter. We also held seven public scoping meetings to exchange information. Additionally, we have a web site (http://www.ttsfo.com/ibcteis) that contains up-to-date information on the proposed Transformation here in Hawaii.

I would like to thank those of you who attended the scoping meetings and made comments. To help you evaluate this additional information and provide further comments, I have extended the comment period until June 29, 2002.

In our NOI, we listed three proposed alternatives: 1) Transform the Second Brigade to an IBCT with a wide range of supporting projects, including new, additional, or modified ranges, facilities and infrastructure (we have provided a list of these projects with this letter); 2) transform the Second Brigade, using existing facilities and infrastructure and lands; and 3) take no action (the so-called No Action Alternative), in which the Army in Hawaii would not be transformed to an IBCT but would continue operating as it does now until future organizational changes are made. While we believe that transformation is critical to the future of the Army and our nation’s security, we are committed to making sure that we understand the environmental consequences and impacts of transformation so that we can make informed decisions on whether or how it should proceed.

As we discussed at the scoping meetings, transforming the Second Brigade to an IBCT includes changing to a more rapidly deployable force with advanced computer capabilities. This would involve multiple projects, including constructing infrastructure and training ranges, improving and constructing military access roads, and acquiring land. These projects would be necessary to support the additional 480 soldiers and 400 vehicles required for the IBCT.

With your help we will be able to identify those potential adverse impacts that should be analyzed in our Environmental Impact Statement. We already know that we have to evaluate the impacts that construction might have on cultural and historical resources or on natural resources, such as plants and animals, including any temporary increase in noise and dust levels. If training ranges are constructed,
impacts could also include those to air, water and soil, natural and cultural resources, and socio-
economics.

We also want to provide you with as much information as is possible at this time about our proposed
acquisition of additional lands. I have enclosed the available maps depicting the general area where the
Army proposes to acquire property. We are in initial discussions with landowners but formal
negotiations cannot be initiated until we receive permission from the Department of Defense to proceed.
For this reason more detailed maps and information on the proposed land acquisitions are not available at
this time, but we will provide more detailed information as we progress.

In addition to this IBCT EIS, we are preparing other Environmental Assessments for several projects
that are essential to the Army's current mission. These projects include an upgrade Drum Road,
acquisition of land south of Schofield Barracks for constructing two buildings, and improving the
Installation Infrastructure Information Architecture. These projects are not specific to Army
Transformation, however, to the extent that they may also be used for IBCT support and training, we plan
to address these impacts in the IBCT EIS as well. As you may know, we are also preparing a separate
EIS on live-fire training at Makua Military Reservation by our current units. The Makua EIS is
specifically required by a settlement agreement we reached to resolve issues on an earlier Supplemental
Environmental Assessment for Makua.

More information about the proposed action and the EIS process is posted on our website at
http://www.ttsfo.com/ibcteis and at the following locations: on Oahu at Hawaii State University Library,
Kahuku Public & School libraries, Mililani Public Library, Wahiawa Public Library, Waialua Public
Library and Waianae Public Library and the University of Hawaii Environmental Center; and on the Big
Island at the Hilo, Kailua-Kona and Thelma Parker Public libraries. We encourage you to check these
resources regularly for the latest updated information. Additionally, we have included with this letter the
briefing presented at the final scoping meeting.

We would like to continue two-way communications throughout the EIS process. I hope that
extending the comment period will ensure that you have ample opportunity to communicate with us. We
will accept written comments, whether mailed, e-mailed or faxed, until June 29, 2002. Mailed comments
should be postmarked by June 29, 2002. Comments may be posted on the IBCT website or sent to Mr.
Earl Nagasawa, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Honolulu Engineer District, Program and Project
Management Division, Attn: CEPOH-PP-E (Nagasawa), Building 252, Fort Shafter, Hawaii 96858-5440;
e-mail: earl.nagasawa@usace.army.mil; or fax (808) 438-7801. A blank comment sheet is included with
this letter. We also will be available to participate in public workshops and discussion groups on
Transformation until the end of the scoping period. These sessions can be arranged by contacting Mr.
Nagasawa at (808) 438-0772.

Thank you for your valuable participation in the scoping process for the IBCT EIS. We appreciate
your assistance in helping us prepare a comprehensive document.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

William R. Puttmann, Jr.
Colonel, US. Army
Commanding
Preparation of Phase I Environmental Impact Statement
Army Transformation of the 25th Infantry Division (Light) to an Interim Brigade Combat Team
Various Sites, Hawai‘i

SCOPING MEETING SYNOPSIS
16 April 2002
1730-2030
Hilo Hawaiian Hotel
Moku‘ola Banquet Ballroom

STAFFING
Presiding Officer:  COL William Puttmann
Panelists:  Ron Borne, MAJ Thomas Hong, Gina Noel, COL William Puttmann, LTC Jerry Schmitz
Facilitators:  Karen Aka, Annelle Amaral, Miki Lee

ATTENDANCE
Individuals Signed In:  58
Individuals Speaking:  18
Written Comments Received:  7

SCHEDULE
Meeting Convened:   1735
Meeting Adjourned:   2030

QUESTIONS
• Are cultural impacts are being assessed?
• Has the Army initiated Section 106 consultation?
• Will there be a cultural monitor?
• Will a cultural impact assessment be performed?
• Will proposed communication towers at PTA be visible?
• What land adjacent to PTA is the Army interested in procuring?
• Are C-17 aircraft landing on Hawai‘i Island?
• Will military units of other governments train at PTA?
• Is depleted uranium being fired at PTA?

COMMENTS
General Issues
• Objection to expansion of the U.S. military in Hawai‘i.
• There is no need for Army money, protection, pollution, arrogance, and desecration of Hawaiian sacred land.
• Fear is being used by the Army to increase its on-island presence.
• Hold additional public hearings outside Hilo and Waikoloa.
• Extend the public scoping comment period for several months.
• Army public relations are lacking.

**Occupation Issues**
• The Army is illegally occupying Kingdom of Hawai`i sovereign land. Illegal annexation of Hawaii is a constitutional violation and is akin to terrorism.
• The Army should shut down, clean up, and leave PTA.
• Objection to Army acquisition of land to increase PTA acreage.
• Objection to military use of non-Army lands by its troops as observation posts and sundry other training-related activities.
• Objection to expansion of the Army’s fuel storage facility at Kawaihae Harbor.

**Cultural Issues**
• Pohakula is sacred.
• Continued use of PTA is supported but with environmental and cultural protection controls.
• Objection to military use of Mauna Kea, a sacred mountain.

**Biological/Ecological Issues**
• The Army’s current biological protection measures are inadequate. Implement more effective ungulate controls to prevent damage to critical habitats and threatened/endangered species.
• Improve fire prevention methods, e.g., eradicate fountain grass and facilitate the establishment of fire-resistant grasses such as *Eragrostis* sp.
• Fire damage affects plant root systems which in turn negatively impacts cave biota.
• Develop and implement procedures to control/prevent the introduction/establishment of invasive weed species on Hawai`i Island transported by Army equipment.

**Solid Waste / Wastewater Issues**
• Concern that the Army will contribute to Hawai`i Island’s solid waste problem by utilizing county landfills. The Army should manage its own solid waste so as not to tax County landfills.

**Hazardous, Toxic, and Radioactive Waste / Ordnance and Explosives Issues**
• Clean up UXO and explosive residues
• The Army should not leave the land it occupies in a condition more harmful to the public (from chemical and explosives contamination) than the foes it protects the U.S. from.
• There are concerns of nuclear storage and attendant pollution on Hawai`i Island.

**Air Issues**
• Airborne contaminants generated by Army training activities affect water catchment systems that many on-island residents depend on for potable consumption.

**Water Issues**
• Airborne contaminants generated by Army training activities affect water catchment systems that many on-island residents depend on for potable consumption.

**Socioeconomic Issues**
• Hawai`i must develop the ability to diversify its economy to place less reliance on the military to infuse its capital.
• There is concern with the cost of transformation that the County of Hawai`i would have to bear.
• There is no economic benefit by the Army being on Hawai`i Island.
• An Army presence on-island infuses funds into the local economy.
• The Army should purchase its goods and services from local farmers, suppliers, and vendors.

Visual Issues
• No comments expressed.

Noise Issues
• Military flights impact the community because of aircraft noise.

Traffic Issues
• No comments expressed.

EIS INPUT

General Issues
• Address environmental justice.
• Identify cumulative impacts of the proposed action.
• Identify the capacity to which Army transformation would violate international law.
• Make EIS-related information available to the public on a timely basis.

Occupation Issues
• Address Army occupation of ceded and Hawaiian Home lands.
• Identify the amount of Hawaiian Home Lands within PTA.

Cultural Issues
• Identify, evaluate, and assess archaeological resources both aboveground and underground.
• Prepare a cultural impact assessment.
• Map and identify all cultural sites to be affected by Army transformation. Identify cultural practitioners to determine the significance of these sites.

Biological/Ecological Issues
• Identify, evaluate, and assess cave resources. Formulate mitigative measures for impacts to said resources.
• Perform an ecosystem analysis.
• Utilize and reference Rare Plants of Pohakuloa (Training Area, Hawai`i) by (Robert B.) Shaw

Solid Waste / Wastewater Issues
• No input received.

Hazardous, Toxic, and Radioactive Waste / Ordnance and Explosives Issues
• Factor in the cost to clean up PTA upon Army departure of the installation.
• Characterize on-site and off-site contamination (i.e., chemical, OE, radioactive) caused by the Army to define baseline conditions. Define the synergistic effects of identified contaminants to human health and the environment.
• Identify cumulative impacts of previous live-fire training at PTA.

Air Issues
• Address soil erosion and dust generation during vehicle and troop maneuvers.

Water Issues
• Evaluate and assess water supplies, use, and disposal.
Socioeconomic Issues
• Address socioeconomic impacts.
• Identify and assess the relocation of Army forces and/or facilities from Schofield Barracks to Hawai’i Island.

Visual Issues
• No input received.

Noise Issues
• No input received.

Traffic Issues
• Address public access of military roads.
Preparation of Phase I Environmental Impact Statement
Army Transformation of the 25th Infantry Division (Light) to an Interim Brigade Combat Team
Various Sites, Hawai‘i

SCOPING MEETING SYNOPSIS
17 April 2002
1730-2030
Outrigger Waikoloa Beach
Ali‘i Ballroom

STAFFING
Presiding Officer: COL William Puttmann
Panelists: Ron Borne, MAJ Thomas Hong, Gina Noel, COL William Puttmann, George Redpath, LTC Jerry Schmitz
Facilitators: Karen Aka, Annelle Amaral, Miki Lee

ATTENDANCE
Individuals Signed In: 40
Individuals Speaking: 12
Written Comments Received: 4

SCHEDULE
Meeting Convened: 1735
Meeting Adjourned: 1940

QUESTIONS
• Will the Bradshaw Army Airfield runway be extended?
• What does “realistic training” entail why is there a need for such training?
• How much noise does blank ammunition generate?
• Is the expansion of Army activities on Hawai‘i Island proposed because the Army is ceasing its use of Makua Military Reservation?
• Where are the additional lands the Army is interested in acquiring?
• Will game hunting be permitted within the additional lands the Army acquires?
• What types of aircraft are being proposed for use within the additional lands the Army acquires? How close will these aircraft fly over residential dwellings?
• How will the VFR affect the training schedule given the fog conditions at PTA?
• Who will be conducting the EIS? Is the EIS contract fixed fee or cost plus?
• Why is there so little information about PTA and its surroundings? How can the public comment prior to the draft EIS because information is lacking?

COMMENTS
General Issues
• An EIS is critical to the outcome of a project (proposed action).
• It is vital that the U.S. maintain military superiority over its adversaries through the best realistic training possible.
• Typically the Army is not honored in peace time, but is valued in times of conflict.
• The public must support national defense. It should cooperate and not attack the military.
• The 25th ID (L) is welcome.
• Waiki`i Homeowners Association is interested in working with the Army and would like its concerns addressed, e.g., dust, noise, family safety.
• Paniolo Preservation Society offers its assistance to work with the Army on its Hawai`i Island proposed actions.
• Encourages continuation of the Army’s community support.
• The military presence at PTA has had very little negative impact in the Waimea area.
• It is more cost effective to remodel than abandon and re-build a training facility elsewhere.
• Expeditionary forces can practice deployment to PTA.
• Add a public rifle/pistol range.
• Government-sponsored projects often affects a community’s quality of life.

**Occupation Issues**
• Supportive of Army and its proposed expansion of training lands on Hawai`i Island. It is an investment by the Army to protect U.S. citizens.
• Military advocate but concerned about the proposed acquisition of Keamuku lands by the Army. Impacts of the proposed use of the land is irrevocable.
• Objection to Army acquisition of land to increase PTA acreage.
• Because the majority of funding is from the federal government, without PTA there would be no Saddle Road improvements.
• PTA is furthest removed from population centers than any other major Hawaiian island.

**Cultural Issues**
• Nature and culture are one and the same.
• Pohakula is culturally significant.
• There are former sheep stations at Keamuku.
• Preserve paniolo, sheep herding, and associated features of Keamuku lands being considered for Army procurement.
• Continued use of PTA is supported but with environmental and cultural protection controls.

**Biological/Ecological Issues**
• Grasses, e.g., kikuyu, binds the soil matrix. Wildfires that denude vegetation facilitate topsoil erosion and dust generation.
• Concern that game management areas proximal to PTA, e.g., Kaohe, Pu`u Anahulu, will be affected by the expansion of and increased disturbance at the installation.

**Solid Waste / Wastewater Issues**
• Set aside space within lands the Army is to acquire for a county-owned solid waste disposal site. Construct a waste-to-energy plant at the site to reduce reliance on HELCO-supplied electricity.

**Hazardous, Toxic, and Radioactive Waste / Ordnance and Explosives Issues**
• No comments expressed.

**Air Issues**
• Applying gravel to tank trails would reduce dust generation.
• Grasses, e.g., kikuyu, binds the soil matrix. Wildfires that denude vegetation facilitate topsoil erosion and dust generation.
Water Issues
• No comments expressed.

Socioeconomic Issues
• Waimea infrastructure and schools may be negatively impacted if there is an increase in Army personnel residing on Hawai‘i Island.
• The proposed Army expansion of PTA and attendant land purchase may affect ongoing and future Waiki‘i Ranch property transactions.
• The military has always had a positive economic impact on the State of Hawai‘i and PTA has contributed significantly.

Visual Issues
• No comments expressed.

Noise Issues
• Recent Army training at PTA has been very noisy.

Traffic Issues
• Expansion of PTA would increase traffic and compromise safety on Saddle Road. It may, for example, increase the number of water tankers to/from PTA.
• Slow-moving military convoys traveling to/from Kawaihae present an inconvenience to other drivers sharing public roads. Expansion of PTA, however, will divert those convoys to non-public roads thereby reducing Army reliance of public thoroughfares for transportation.

EIS INPUT

General Issues
• Address reasonable and unreasonable alternatives, and provide the rationale for and against each.
• Describe how the Army will deal with its identified impacts.
• Establish a fund to address mitigative measures.
• Address historical paniolo and sheep herding activities of the Keamuku parcel.

Occupation Issues
• Address alternative uses of lands the Army is proposing to acquire.

Cultural Issues
• Delve deeper into the cultural significance, history, and traditions of PTA and its surroundings.
• Define how cultural traditions are associated with present day.

Biological/Ecological Issues
• Thoroughly evaluate topsoil erosion and dust generation caused by off-road movement of equipment and troop training.

Solid Waste / Wastewater Issues
• No input received.

Hazardous, Toxic, and Radioactive Waste / Ordnance and Explosives Issues
• No input received.
Air Issues
• Address soil erosion and dust generation during vehicle and troop maneuvers.

Water Issues
• No input received.

Socioeconomic Issues
• Address how Army use of Kawaihae Harbor may conflict with commercial and recreational boating there.

Visual Issues
• No input received.

Noise Issues
• Address noise impacts associated with troop training, ordnance firing, helicopter overflights, etc.

Traffic Issues
• No input received.
Preparation of Phase I Environmental Impact Statement
Army Transformation of the 25th Infantry Division (Light) to an Interim Brigade Combat Team
Various Sites, Hawaiʻi

SCOPING MEETING SYNOPSIS
23 April 2002
1800-2100
Leilehua High School
Cafeteria

STAFFING
Presiding Officer: COL Roy Waggoner
Panelists: Ron Borne, Gina Noel, Jeanne Prussman Ockerman, George Redpath, COL Roy Waggoner
Facilitators: Karen Aka, Annelle Amaral, Miki Lee

ATTENDANCE
Individuals Signed In: 22
Individuals Speaking: 4
Written Comments Received: 1

SCHEDULE
Meeting Convened: 1810
Meeting Adjourned: 1910

QUESTIONS
• Is a map of the Army’s proposed land acquisitions available?
• Will R. Borne’s briefing be publicly available?
• Are there any proposed runway improvements to WAAF? Will any aircraft be stationed there as a result of said improvements?
• Must written comments be submitted on an official Army form or can it be prepared on one’s own letterhead?

COMMENTS
General Issues
• Restore the air safety program.
• Make maps available of the Army’s proposed land acquisitions is the lack thereof is not conducive to public input during the scoping period.
• There is no environmental baseline of Schofield Barracks.
**Occupation Issues**
- Concerned with the size of the Army’s proposed acquisition of Honouliuli Preserve, type of training on the acquired land, and public access.

**Cultural Issues**
- Identify traditional practices.
- Protect, preserve, and repair cultural sites.
- Document archaeological sites.

**Biological/Ecological Issues**
- Concerned with the Army’s proposed acquisition of the northern portion of Honouliuli Preserve because of the abundance of native/threatened/endangered species there, and threats of survival from wildfires, feral ungulates, weed species proliferation, and anthropogenic disturbance.
- Honouliuli Preserve is a recognized elep’ai o critical habitat.

**Solid Waste / Wastewater Issues**
- No comments expressed.

**Hazardous, Toxic, and Radioactive Waste / Ordnance and Explosives Issues**
- Clean live-fire training areas.

**Air Issues**
- No comments expressed.

**Water Issues**
- No comments expressed.

**Socioeconomic Issues**
- The Army presence near Wahiawa is contributory to the high rate of prostitution in that community.

**Visual Issues**
- No comments expressed.

**Noise Issues**
- Concerned with flight safety and noise from Army aircraft alighting and landing at WAAF, and overflight of residential communities.

**Traffic Issues**
- No comments expressed.

**EIS INPUT**

**General Issues**
- Address environmental justice.
- Establish and environmental baseline of Schofield Barracks.
- Thoroughly identify and assess all cumulative impacts to human health and the environment.
- Address all alternatives adequately including comparable sites within the continental U.S. that the 25th ID (L) can transform at.

**Occupation Issues**
- Define the location and amount of acreage the Army proposes to acquire.
**Cultural Issues**
- Identify cultural resources that may be impacted by the proposed action.
- Identify the availability of traditional practices.
- Describe how the Army will protect, preserve, and repair cultural sites on its property.
- Document all archaeological sites on extant Army property and property proposed for acquisition.

**Biological/Ecological Issues**
- Identify natural resources that may be impacted by the proposed action.

**Solid Waste / Wastewater Issues**
Hazardous, Toxic, and Radioactive Waste / Ordnance and Explosives Issues
- Describe how the Army will clean up its live-fire training areas.
- Describe how the Army will clean up chemical contamination on lands it occupies and uses.

**Air Issues**
- No input received.

**Water Issues**
- No input received.

**Socioeconomic Issues**
- Address negative socioeconomic impacts, e.g., the proliferation of prostitution, of Army installations in the vicinity of Wahiawa.

**Visual Issues**
- No input received.

**Noise Issues**
- No input received.

**Traffic Issues**
- No input received.
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Preparation of Phase I Environmental Impact Statement
Army Transformation of the 25th Infantry Division (Light) to an Interim Brigade Combat Team
Various Sites, Hawai`i

SCOPING MEETING SYNOPSIS
24 April 2002
1800-2100
Kawananakoa Middle School
Cafeteria

STAFFING
Presiding Officer: COL William Ryan III
Panelists: Ron Borne, Gina Noel, Jeanne Prussman Ockerman, George Redpath, COL William Ryan III
Facilitators: Karen Aka, Annelle Amaral, Miki Lee

ATTENDANCE
Individuals Signed In: 40
Individuals Speaking: 18
Written Comments Received: 1

SCHEDULE
Meeting Convened: 1815
Meeting Adjourned: 2120

QUESTIONS
• How much land does the Army possess on O`ahu and Hawai`i Islands?
• Who is contracted to prepare the subject EIS?
• How much money is being spent to prepare the EIS?
• What are the specifics of Army transformation?
• What are the range of alternatives to the proposed action?
• Did the Army recently purchase Kahuku acreage?
• Did the Army prepare an EIS in 1994 as it relates to PTA?
• Who is performing the cultural assessment for the EIS?
• When will the Section 106 process commence?
• Will the Army prepare an EIA (environmental impact action [sic])?
• What is meant by the development of proposed areas previously developed?
• If a bill currently in Congress to exempt the military from compliance with environmental regulations passes, will it affect the subject EIS and will the Army consequently cease to prepare the document?
• Is a map available that demarcates which portion(s) of Honouliuli Preserve the Army is proposing to acquire?
• Is the Army trying to obtain more land on O`ahu Island?
• If the Army establishes alternate areas for live fire, will it terminate its use of Makua Valley for that purpose and leave the valley?
• Is a trail or road to be constructed by the Army from Schofield Barracks to Dillingham Military Reservation?
• Can the Army use extant USMC rifle ranges instead of proposing to acquire additional property to build one of its own?
• Must Makua Military Reservation be kept open for just one Legacy force?
• Why train in Hawai`i if it is so expensive to station troops here?
• Who is the Army accountable to?

COMMENTS

General Issues
• The Army’s proposed timetable to prepare the subject EIS is insufficient to undertake complex studies requisite to the document.
• The Army has not expended any effort to correct the damage it has done.
• The U.S. military is a good steward of the land.
• Work closely with The Nature Conservancy.
• The earth is sacred and is our mother.
• Make maps available of the Army’s proposed land acquisitions as the lack thereof is not conducive to public input during the scoping period.
• There is no environmental baseline of Schofield Barracks.
• Army training is destroying the uniqueness of the Hawaiian Islands.
• The Army has no long-term thinking.
• There is no effort by the Army to utilize modern technology that is protective of the land.
• No further expansion of the military in Hawai`i.
• Cease all live fire training in Hawai`i and take it elsewhere.
• The Army presence is a magnet for trouble.
• This is not a scoping meeting per Army and federal regulations. There is scanty information and vague generalities that do not enable the public to adequately provide input during the scoping period.
• The Army should be providing potential environmental effects associated with the proposed action as well as impacts associated with past Army actions.
• There is no description of the range of proposed alternatives or other related EAs and EISs.
• Stationing Army troops in Hawai`i is illogical.
• The Makua Military Reservation and Army transformation EISs are inter-related.
• Establish a restoration advisory board for lands the Army is no longer using and include individuals of Hawaiian descent on the board.
• Use funds for the cleanup of Army-impacted lands instead of transformation.
• Support of a military presence in Hawai`i is for money instead of its mission to protect the nation and its people.
• The people and not the Army should be able to manage its own resources.

Occupation Issues
• The Army owns no ceded lands in Hawai`i.
• The illegal occupation in Hawai`i by the Army is meant to eliminate the Hawaiian people from its land, and to destroy the culture.
• The U.S. military is not wanted here.
• The Army does not belong here and should leave.
• The Army has no legal or spiritual right to be in Hawai`i.
• Army-owned or occupied lands are inaccessible to the public for cultural and recreational purposes.
• The U.S. military has little or no consideration of land ownership by the Hawaiian people.
• Find the document(s) that evidence Army ownership of its lands in Hawai`i.
• O`ahu land is scarce and is to be exacerbated if the Army acquires more property.
• Concerned with the size of the Army’s proposed acquisition of Honouliuli Preserve, type of training on the acquired land, and public access.

**Cultural Issues**
• It is important that the Army understand the perspectives of the Hawaiian people.
• The military needs to obtain the support of the Hawaiian people.
• Cultural and traditional practices are not adequately translated into English.
• Pohakuloa is one of many areas sacred to Hawaiians.
• Speak and consult directly with the Hawaiian community.

**Biological/Ecological Issues**
• There is insufficient time for Section 7 consultation given the EIS preparation schedule.
• Proposed access roads would contribute to the proliferation of weed species.
• The threat of fire resulting from Army training is a concern.
• The military is not concerned with the preservation of native plants and animals, e.g., Makua Valley.
• Honouliuli Preserve is an unfortunate choice for acquisition by the Army as it contains the greatest concentration of rare, native Hawaiian tree snails. Of them, six are endangered.
• Army occupation of the preserve could destroy the snail population.
• Rare, endangered plants and animals inhabit areas along the proposed road corridor between Schofield Barracks and Dillingham Military Reservation.

**Solid Waste / Wastewater Issues**
• No comments expressed.

**Hazardous, Toxic, and Radioactive Waste / Ordnance and Explosives Issues**
• The Army does not clean up the environment it impacts.
• Clean up UXO.
• Contaminating a site with UXO and not cleaning the site up is typical of the U.S. military.

**Air Issues**
• No comments expressed.

**Water Issues**
• No comments expressed.

**Socioeconomic Issues**
• No comments expressed.

**Visual Issues**
• No comments expressed.

**Noise Issues**
• No comments expressed.

**Traffic Issues**
• No comments expressed.
EIS INPUT

General Issues
- Address positive aspects of the military land stewardship.

Occupation Issues
- Address traditional, cultural, and historic properties.

Cultural Issues
- Expand Section 106 consultation beyond SHPO and OH to civic clubs, past and present residents of the affected areas, cultural practitioners, and burial councils.
- Prepare a detailed plan of surface and subsurface cultural sites at extant and to-be-acquired lands, and develop procedures to protect these sites and provide cultural access thereto.
- Study the cultural and environmental impacts of the proposed road between Schofield Barracks and Dillingham Military Reservation.

Biological/Ecological Issues
- Identify the threat of fire.
- Describe how Army will protect threatened and endangered species on and proximal to its installations.

Solid Waste / Wastewater Issues
- No input received.

Hazardous, Toxic, and Radioactive Waste / Ordnance and Explosives Issues
- Address the cleanup of contaminated sites.

Air Issues
- Address airborne contamination generated by the Army.

Water Issues
- Address the cumulative impacts to water resources.

Socioeconomic Issues
- Assess the economic loss caused by deployment of the 2nd Brigade.
- Perform an economic analysis of the 2nd Brigade relocating to Fort Lewis.

Visual Issues
- No input received.

Noise Issues
- No input received.

Traffic Issues
- No input received.
Preparation of Phase I Environmental Impact Statement
Army Transformation of the 25th Infantry Division (Light) to an Interim Brigade Combat Team (IBCT)
Various Sites, Hawaii

SCOPING MEETING SYNOPSIS
25 April 2002
1800-2100
Haleiwa Elementary School
Ruth Rankin Hall (Cafeteria)

STAFFING
Presiding Officer: COL James Schisser
Panelists: Ron Borne, Gina Noel, Jeanne Prussman Ockerman, George Redpath
Facilitators: Karen Aka, Annelle Amaral, Miki Lee

ATTENDANCE
Individuals Signed In: 29
Individuals Speaking: 9
Written Comments Received: 3

SCHEDULE
Meeting Convened: 1815
Meeting Adjourned: 2015

QUESTIONS
• What is the total square footage of structures proposed for construction by the Army as a result of the 2nd Brigade, 25th ID (L) transformation?
• Has there been a shift in Army philosophy or policy to purchase rather than lease land?
• Will the proposed roads be made available to the public in emergencies?
• Will there be an increase in military aircraft utilizing Dillingham Military Reservation and, if so, what are the attendant noise levels anticipated?
• How much additional noise will be generated by ammunition fired during training once transformation commences?
• Will the interim brigade combat team result in an increase in military personnel?
• What are the visual impacts and attendant mitigative measures to the Army’s proposed towers?
• Will underground or aboveground tanks be installed at the proposed fuel stations?
• Is Army expansion necessary?
• Will the public have access to scoping process comments from all the communities at which Army transformation scoping meetings are held?
• What is meant by “realignment of ranges”?
• Has or is the Army firing depleted uranium munitions in Hawaii?
• Has the Army transformed elsewhere? If so, where?
COMMENTS

General Issues
- Who will perform the construction work as transformation of the 2nd Brigade ensues? Though less expensive if conducted by the Army, private industry contractors would provide a better quality of work.
- Consider a means of continuity through the Army chain of command and with changes in command.
- Listen to and deal with disagreements with the affected communities. The Army should avoid resorting to a “my way or not at all” position.
- Observed revisions to the Army transformation this evening are not being conveyed to all the affected communities, particularly those where scoping meetings have already occurred.
- Transformation is inevitable as the Army must adapt to changing times.
- Lack of interest in Army transformation is evident based on this evening’s attendance and is disconcerting. There is no legislative or city council representation.

Occupation Issues
- Developed land as defined by the Army in its transformation briefing is actually agricultural land.
- Work with the community to preserve agricultural land use.
- Oahu land is scarce and is to be exacerbated if the Army acquires more property.
- There is no necessity on the Army’s part to occupy additional on-island property.

Cultural Issues
- Be sincere and responsive to the Oahu Island Burial Council and the community.

Biological/Ecological Issues
- Honouliuli Preserve contains the greatest concentration of rare, native, and endangered Hawaiian tree snails.
- Army occupation of the preserve could destroy the snail population, and would contribute to the proliferation of weed species, ungulates, and rodents, and increase the fire threat.
- Provide public access rights to Honouliuli Preserve.
- The Army has done much to protect threatened and endangered species on lands under its purview.

Solid Waste / Wastewater Issues
- Solid waste and wastewater management at the Army’s training areas is a concern.

Hazardous, Toxic, and Radioactive Waste / Ordnance and Explosives Issues
- Clean up Army ranges.

Air Issues
- No comments expressed.

Water Issues
- No comments expressed.

Socioeconomic Issues
- The Army has yet to provide information on the funding proposed for its land acquisitions as well as the total acreage under consideration.
- Community-specific health issues are associated with military presence.

Visual Issues
- No comments expressed.
**Noise Issues**
- Noise generated by helicopter over flight along the North Shore is a concern.

**Traffic Issues**
- Get the military off public roads.
- Determine how Army access roads (e.g., Drum Road, Schofield-Dillingham trail) can be made available to North Shore communities for emergency access.

**EIS INPUT:**

**General Issues**
- The EIS is critical and must be thorough. Interface with the affected communities to that end and engage the public to become part of the process.
- Make relevant information available and on a timely basis.
- Describe the Army’s environmental program and how it will be implemented.
- Explore the no action alternative and consequences thereof.
- Describe the various training exercises, e.g., where, by whom, duration, and impacts to the environment following each exercise.
- Provide detailed maps with sufficient information.

**Occupation Issues**
- Examine the continued use of agricultural lands.
- Address access to or through Army lands by native Hawaiians, hunters, and hikers.
- Describe current and future land uses, ownership, and environmental baseline conditions.
- Describe the Army’s flooding mitigation plan and preventive measures.

**Cultural Issues**
- Comply with NAGPRA and Section 106 during the EIS process.
- Conduct surface and subsurface archaeological surveys at extant and to-be-acquired lands, and develop procedures to protect these sites and provide cultural access thereto.
- Conduct a cultural impact assessment to include the past and present. Communicate with cultural practitioners within areas the Army will be training at.

**Biological/Ecological Issues**
- Address rare/threatened/endangered species impacts and mitigative measures.
- Address bird-helicopter interaction.
- Assess fire issues, e.g., prevention, areas and periods of susceptibility, community notification, contingencies.

**Solid Waste / Wastewater Issues**
- Address solid waste and wastewater management at the Army’s training areas.

**Hazardous, Toxic, and Radioactive Waste / Ordnance and Explosives Issues**
- Describe weapons and weapons systems to be utilized by the Army as a result of transformation. Identify nuclear and chemical weaponry, and conduct a risk analysis thereof.
- Describe how the Army will prepare and remediate its ranges.

**Air Issues**
- No input received.
**Water Issues**
- Communicate with the Water Commission as it relates to proposed bridges that may be constructed as a consequence of the proposed transformation.
- Characterize the groundwater underlying Army lands.
- Describe the groundwater protection protocols, mitigative measures, and long-term monitoring program.

**Socioeconomic Issues**
- The Army has yet to provide information on the funding proposed for its land acquisitions as well as the total acreage under consideration.
- Community-specific health issues are associated with military presence.

**Visual Issues**
- No input received.

**Noise Issues**
- Address noise generation by Army training and operating aircraft near residential areas and business communities.

**Traffic Issues**
- Address traffic impacts to public roads.
- Describe weapons transport, safety protocols, and accident contingencies.
Preparation of Phase I Environmental Impact Statement
Army Transformation of the 25th Infantry Division (Light) to an Interim Brigade Combat Team (IBCT)
Various Sites, Hawaii

SCOPING MEETING SYNOPSIS
29 April 2002
1800-2100
Kahuku High & Intermediate School
Cafetorium

STAFFING
Presiding Officer: COL Andrew Twomey
Panelists: Ron Borne, Gina Noel, Jeanne Prussman Ockerman, George Redpath
Facilitators: Annelle Amaral, Ken Fukunaga, Miki Lee

ATTENDANCE
Individuals Signed In: 33
Individuals Speaking: 12
Written Comments Received: 5

SCHEDULE
Meeting Convened: 1820
Meeting Adjourned: 2040

QUESTIONS
- How do the revised Army regulations affect the NEPA requirements?
- What guidelines will the Army follow as it relates to the proposed construction of roads and infrastructure?
- Who is to perform the cultural assessment to be included in the EIS?
- How much money has been allocated by the federal government for Army transformation?
- When are the proposed transformation projects to commence?
- How long will it take for the transformation projects to be completed?
- Will local contractors be involved in the transformation projects?
- Is the decision to limit live fire at South Range permanent and has there been any public input to that end?
- What changes are there to the unified Army chain of command and will it bear on transformation?
- Will a congressional proposal to exempt the Department of Defense from environmental regulations affect Army transformation and attendant NEPA requirements?
- Is the Army in discussion with the State of Hawaii to exempt the former from state environmental regulations as is occurring in Alaska.
- How will Army transformation affect military training at Kahuku, will it increase noise generation by aircraft (e.g., helicopters), and will there by an increase in aircraft flight time over Kahuku?
- Will proposed structures to be constructed at Kahuku Training Area be visible from public and residential areas of Kahuku?
- Can the EIS findings halt Army transformation?
• How will the Army’s proposed transformation projects contribute to flooding in Kahuku.

COMMENTS

General Issues
• Flooding is a big issue in Kahuku consequently the Army should partner with the community to address flood mitigation.
• The Army is taking advantage of the 11 September 2001 terrorist attack to expand its control and presence in Hawaii, and is a form of political and military opportunism.
• Communicate with the U.S. Marine Corps and Navy regarding their plans for transformation to avoid conflicts that could negatively affect areal communities.
• The Army has enough lands and facilities, and should make more efficient use of what is has.
• Army expansion is ridiculous.
• The scoping process is flawed as there is insufficient information available to the public.
• Proposed alternatives fail to consider sites outside of Hawaii.

Occupation Issues
• The Army has control of a significant amount of land on Oahu with acquisitions being conducted covertly (e.g., 9,000 acres of Kahuku Training Area property acquired from James Campbell Estate).
• Preserve recreational areas in and around Army lands as well as access thereto.
• Hawaii was illegally annexed by the U.S. government.
• The Army owns no ceded lands in Hawaii.
• The illegal occupation in Hawaii by the Army is cultural genocide and de-colonization of those of Hawaiian descent.
• The U.S. military is not wanted here.
• The Army does not belong here and should leave.
• Ceded lands may be a violation of international law.
• Hawaiians are violated by the Army’s proposed transformation as it is represents yet another invasion of Hawaii lands.
• Provide more land for public recreational activities.

Cultural Issues
• Do not compromise cultural access rights.

Biological/Ecological Issues
• Honouliuli Preserve contains the greatest concentration of rare, native, and endangered Hawaiian tree snails.
• Army occupation of the preserve could destroy the snail population, and would contribute to the proliferation of weed species, ungulates, and rodents, and increase the fire threat.
• Provide public access rights to Honouliuli Preserve.
• The Army has done much to protect threatened and endangered species on lands under its purview.
• The Army is incapable of long-term protection of threatened and endangered species on lands under its purview.
• The needs of critical habitats and perpetuation of rare, threatened, and endangered species is timeless.

Solid Waste / Wastewater Issues
• There is much Army litter (e.g., discarded MREs, concertina wire, small arms) observed by moto-cross riders at Kahuku Training Area which presents a safety hazard, is unsightly, and is disrespectful of the land.
Hazardous, Toxic, and Radioactive Waste / Ordnance and Explosives Issues
• Near shore waters are affected by chemical contaminants and UXO that drain to island coastlines.
• Clean up and restore all the land the Army occupies.

Air Issues
• No comments expressed.

Water Issues
• Preserve public and community water rights.

Socioeconomic Issues
• Augment rather than impede economic development of rural areas by activities associated with the proposed Army transformation.
• Involve younger Army personnel in the transformation process rather than the older, established Army regime.
• Economic gain should not be used to justify militarization.

Visual Issues
• No comments expressed.

Noise Issues
• Noise generated by helicopter over flight along the North Shore is a concern.

Traffic Issues
• It is unnecessary for the Army to build new roads.
• The Army improves but does not maintain its roads.

EIS INPUT:

General Issues
• Address environmental justice.
• Establish environmental baselines of all extant and proposed Army lands, and account for cumulative impacts that form current baseline conditions.

Occupation Issues
• Address Hawaii’s treaty of annexation and ceded lands.
• Explain how the Army acquired its lands and the authority by which possession was granted.
• Identify and evaluate alternative installations and training facilities outside Hawaii.

Cultural Issues
• Address cumulative impacts to those of Hawaiian descent.
• Have significant sites be identified and interpreted by cultural practitioners.

Biological/Ecological Issues
• Address ecosystem impacts.

Solid Waste / Wastewater Issues
• No input received.
Hazardous, Toxic, and Radioactive Waste / Ordnance and Explosives Issues
- Address costs to clean up Army lands of chemical and UXO contamination.
- Evaluate contaminated or potentially contaminated sites using the precautionary principle approach rather than by risk assessment as the former is more conservative than the latter.

Air Issues
- No input received.

Water Issues
- Preserve public and community water rights.
- Address the proposed construction of new facilities in Kahuku and if it will affect flood-prone areas of the community.

Socioeconomic Issues
- Address the environmental costs of militarization in Hawaii.
- Address opportunity costs of alternative uses to military lands in Hawaii.
- Address the leakage of Army funds that are not infused into the local economy to support, for example, public education support and housing.
- Address areal illicit or immoral business activities, e.g., prostitution, that flourish because of Army personnel.

Visual Issues
- No input received.

Noise Issues
- Address noise generation by Army training and operating aircraft near residential areas and business communities.

Traffic Issues
- Identify and evaluate alternatives to Drum Road improvements.
Preparation of Phase I Environmental Impact Statement
Army Transformation of the 25th Infantry Division (Light) to an Interim Brigade Combat Team (IBCT)
Various Sites, Hawaii

SCOPING MEETING SYNOPSIS
30 April 2002
1800-2100
Nanakuli High & Intermediate School
Cafeteria

STAFFING

Presiding Officer: COL Rodney Anderson
Panelists: Ron Borne, Gina Noel, Jeanne Prussman Ockerman, George Redpath
Facilitators: Karen Aka, Annelle Amaral, Ken Fukunaga

ATTENDANCE

Individuals Signed In: 61
Individuals Speaking: 27
Written Comments Received: 5

SCHEDULE

Meeting Convened: 1805
Meeting Adjourned: 2130

QUESTIONS

- Where would the Army propose to conduct live-fire (urban assault) training if not at Kahuku?
- If Army personnel can training at Schofield Barracks, why is there a need for PTA?

COMMENTS

General Issues

- The lack of specific information regarding the Army’s proposed actions makes it difficult for the public to address how the Army will conduct its troop training.
- The Army is to be commended for conducting its scoping meetings, however, another round of scoping meetings is requested after maps and more specific information is made available by the Army.
- This is not a scoping meeting in accordance with NEPA and Army regulations. It is instead an informational meeting.
- The military presence in Hawaii renders it as a target of aggression.
- The U.S. military has a track record of environmental abuse; it is the greatest violator of environmental destruction.
- The Army’s values are questionable by coming to Hawaii, destroying its environment, then leaving without attending to the destruction.
- The Army is unable to care for the lands it already occupies.
- Fires are a threat.
• Include the cost of environmental cleanup in the Army transformation budget.
• Use transformation funds instead for environmental protection.
• The Army does not know what transformation is.
• The U.S. military is one of the greediest entities in the state.
• Access to military lands is increasingly being denied to the public.
• Relocate all Army training to the continental U.S.
• Hawaii is expendable as an Army outpost.
• The U.S. Army is not my army.
• The Army should leave Hawaii as it is not wanted here.
• The Army should take its time during the EIS process to ensure that the document is prepared correctly.
• Work on foreign policy rather than military expansion.

**Occupation Issues**

• The Army should use lands it already controls rather than acquiring additional property.
• The Army controls too much land.
• Any expansion by the Army into the lands of Lihue is opposed.
• Army acquisition of additional lands is opposed.
• There is no deed that grants the U.S. military legal right to occupy land in Hawaii.
• The U.S. Senate never ratified a treaty of annexation consequently Hawaii was illegally annexed by the U.S. government, and military occupation is also illegal.
• Ceded lands comprise the majority of what the U.S. military occupies in Hawaii.
• The Hawaiian Islands are a U.S. colony.
• Preserve undeveloped areas as such.
• The Army should clean up Makua Valley then leave the valley.
• Return Makua to the community and train troops at the Schofield Barracks multi-purpose range.
• A road between Schofield Barracks and Kawaihapai is unnecessary.

**Cultural Issues**

• Preserve, protect, and restore existing, damaged, and destroyed complexes Hawaiian in origin.
• The Army must exercise cultural sensitivity to the significance of lands it occupies and trains on.
• Live-fire training is inappropriate and irresponsible as it will impact cultural sites.
• Guarantee cultural sites and access rights will be protected.

**Biological/Ecological Issues**

• Honouliuli Preserve contains the greatest concentration of rare, native, and endangered Hawaiian tree snails.
• Army occupation of the preserve could destroy the snail population, and would contribute to the proliferation of weed species, ungulates, and rodents, and increase the fire threat.
• Provide public access rights to Honouliuli Preserve.
• The Army has done much to protect threatened and endangered species on lands under its purview.
• The Army should not acquire any portion of Honouliuli Preserve.
• Army training at or near Honouliuli Preserve is unacceptable.

**Solid Waste / Wastewater Issues**

• No comments expressed.

**Hazardous, Toxic, and Radioactive Waste / Ordnance and Explosives Issues**

• Blank ammunition is the largest source of fire.
• The pollution of Army training areas still exists, and the contaminants are toxic to human health.
Air Issues
• No comments expressed.

Water Issues
• Concerned with water contamination from the Army’s use of Makua Valley.
• Groundwater beneath Schofield Barracks is a concern.

Socioeconomic Issues
• An increase in Army personnel will contribute to more prostitution in Wahiawa.
• Evicted families of Makua Valley should be given back their land and the Army should pay restitution to said families for military use of the land.

Visual Issues
• No comments expressed.

Noise Issues
• No comment expressed.

Traffic Issues
• No comments expressed.

EIS INPUT:

General Issues
• Have long-time residents of Hawaii involved in the EIS preparation.
• Have the EIS prepared by learned people beyond reproach.
• Address environmental justice.
• Provide details of properties subject to Army transformation, e.g., maps, drawings, etc.
• Address the cumulative impacts of all proposed projects as it relates to Army transformation to include impacts associated with past and present activities.
• Address the relocation of the 2nd Brigade outside of Hawaii as an alternative.
• Address both Army transformation and continued live-fire exercises at Makua Military Reservation together.
• Assess as an alternative the use of extant instead of new housing for additional personnel required by Army transformation.
• Include Waianae Public Library as an additional records repository during the EIS process.

Occupation Issues
• Define the total acreage currently occupied by the Army and the additional acreage proposed for acquisition.

Cultural Issues
• Perform a surface and subsurface cultural survey.
• Communicate with Hawaiian civic clubs for site information and oral histories.
• Assess cultural, historic, and traditional resources impacts.
• Identify traditional cultural practices and its significance to the proposed action.
• Document archaeological sites within and around the Army’s proposed project areas.
• Prepare a cultural sites protection plan.
• Address cultural sites access.
• Define how site identification and access will be communicated to the affected communities for its input.

**Biological/Ecological Issues**
• Address natural resources and ecosystem impacts.

**Solid Waste / Wastewater Issues**
• No input received.

**Hazardous, Toxic, and Radioactive Waste / Ordnance and Explosives Issues**
• Describe existing programs to clean up Army lands of chemical and UXO contamination.
• Assess the effects of Army training area contamination to human health and the environment.
• Research the disease rate and health of individuals residing or working in communities proximal to Army installations.
• Identify contaminants of concern being introduced to the environment by the Army, and how the COCs affect human health and the environment.
• Identify and evaluate the synergistic effects of COCs in the environment.
• Assess extant ammunition storage facilities at PTA and Lualualei as an alternative to proposed new storage facilities.

**Air Issues**
• Describe the Army’s air safety program including emergency response procedures.

**Water Issues**
• Investigate surface and subsurface water contamination at Makua Valley.
• Investigate the aquifer residing beneath Schofield Barracks for contamination.
• Precautions must be taken to protect the Pearl Harbor aquifer.

**Socioeconomic Issues**
• Assess the Army’s presence in Hawaii and its attendant costs.
• Assess the economic loss caused by deployment of the 2nd Brigade.

**Visual Issues**
• No input received.

**Noise Issues**
• No input received.

**Traffic Issues**
• Describe the Army’s road and traffic safety program.