CONTAINERS, OIL (Empty)
(Engine oil, gear oil, hydraulic fluid, transmission fluid, brake fluid and synthetic oil containers of any size)

GENERAL INFORMATION
Empty oil cans and empty oil plastic containers, that have the #1 or the #2 symbol on the bottom, are recyclable and should never be thrown into the dumpster.

POTENTIAL HAZARDS
Oil containers that are not properly drained and thrown in the trash can release oil into the environment. Just one quart of oil can affect an area the size of three football fields and one gallon can pollute 250,000 gallons of water.

WASTE CHARACTERIZATION
Oil cans and plastic containers #1 and #2 must be completely drained and rinsed prior to being collected for recycling.

HANDLING AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES

Step 1: Make sure the oil container is emptied as completely as possible into the equipment. Partially drained cans will not be accepted by the recycler.

Step 2: Cut the top off the oil can or remove the lid off the recyclable plastic container as applicable. Plastic lids should be discarded in regular trash bins. (Note: Kevlar or any other cut resistant gloves are highly recommended when handling cut cans).

Step 3: Rinse the can or plastic container in an approved solvent parts washer, making sure that the oil residue from the sides of the container is completely rinsed out. Drain all solvent out of the container.

Step 4: Visually inspect the container to ensure that all oil and solvent has been removed.

Step 5: Once completely empty and rinsed, place the oil can in the scrap metal bin and the oil plastic container #1 and #2 in a separate collection bin.

Step 6: Take your recyclable oil cans and plastic #1 and #2 oil containers to the Hazardous Material Control Point (HMCP) for AUL (HazMat) inventory accountability.