

Live-Fire Training at Makua

1943 Use of Makua by military for live-fire exercise

1988 Company combined-arms assault course with live-fire range constructed and operational at Makua Military Reservation

1988-1998 Makua Military Reservation prepared Soldiers for combat according to Army doctrine

1998 (September) Training suspended temporarily due to wildfires, and the Army's investigation, assessment and mitigation efforts to reduce the impact of its activities.

2001 (July) U.S. District Court barred live-fire training at Makua Military Reservation pursuant to NEPA

2001 (October) Pursuant to a settlement agreement and stipulated order, the Army resumed limited live-fire exercises at Makua Military Reservation for three years and agreed to prepare an environmental impact statement

2001-2004 Makua Military Reservation prepared Soldiers for Operations Enduring Freedom and Iraqi Freedom

2004 Army halted live-fire training and continued limited, nonlive-fire training at Makua Military Reservation



Possible Sources of Substances Found

Compounds identified for analysis by the settlement agreement cannot uniquely be attributed to military activities because there are and have been many natural and man-made sources that contributed substances to the Makua area.

| Substance Found | Possible Sources | | |
|---|--|--|---|
| Pesticides (organochlorine, such as Aldrin, Alpha-BHC, Heptachlor epoxide) | Termite control and agriculture | | |
| Arsenic | Natural component of the Earth's crust Naturally occurring in some marine algae/seaweed Smelting of non-iron (called nonferrous) metals Producing energy from fossil fuels Manufacturing Arsenic pesticides Wood preservatives Military munitions | | |
| bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate | Plastic toys Vinyl upholstery Food packaging | Shower curtains Adhesives Cosmetics | Coatings Inks Pesticides |
| Cadmium | Lubricating oils Diesel oils Tires Iron and steel manufacturing | Sewage sludge Insecticides Electroplating Military munitions Batteries | Coal and oil combustion Non-ferrous metal production Refuse incineration Phosphate fertilizers |
| Chromium | Manufacturing of military and civilian materials/equipment | Naturally occurring in the rock of the Waianae Mountain Range | |
| Cobalt | Production of steel and other alloys Automotive repair shops Military munitions Manufacture, use, and disposal of paints and varnishes Natural sources such as soil, dust, seawater, volcanic emissions and smoke from forest and brush fires | | |
| Dioxins/Furans | Commercial and municipal waste incineration Burning fuels such as wood, coal, or oil Chemical manufacturing Forest fires | | |
| Manganese | Naturally occurring element found in rock, soil, and water, ocean spray, and forest fires Man-made sources such as municipal wastewater; sewage; mining; emissions from alloy, steel, and iron production; military munitions; and combustion of fossil fuels | | |
| Nitroglycerin | Military ordnance Fireworks | Rodenticides Demolition blocks | Heating fuel |
| Perchlorate | Military munitions Fireworks Flares | More than 80 manufactured products used by private industry | |
| RDX* (Cyclotrimethylene-trinitramine) | Military munitions | Fireworks, detonators, blasting caps, and demolition charges | |

* identified in study as possible false positive



Species Collected

Table 2-1
Marine Resources Sampling Locations and Species of Interest at MMR

| Common Name | Scientific Name |
|--|---|
| Muliwai Target Species | |
| Hawaiian flagtail (aholehole) | <i>Kuhlia sandvicensis</i> |
| Striped mullet ('ama`ama) | <i>Mugil cephalus</i> |
| Medaka | <i>Poeciliidae</i> sp. |
| Tilapia | <i>Talapia zillii</i> , <i>T. rendalii</i> , <i>Oreochromis macrochir</i> , <i>O. mossambicus</i> , <i>Sarotherdon melanotberon</i> <i>melanotberon</i> |
| Samoa crab | <i>Scylla serrata</i> |
| Hawaiian prawn | <i>Macrobrachium grandimanus</i> |
| Malaysian snail | <i>Thiaridae</i> sp. |
| Rock crab | <i>Pachygrapsus minutus</i> |
| Red rock crab | <i>Plagusia depressa tuberculata</i> |
| Nearshore Target Species | |
| Picasso triggerfish (humuhumu nukunuku a puaa) | <i>Rhinecanthus rectangulus</i> |
| Blackspot sergeant (kupipi) | <i>Abudefduf sordidus</i> |
| Christmas wrasse (hinalea) | <i>Thalassoma trilobatum</i> |
| Saddle wrasse (hinalea lau-wili) | <i>T. duperry</i> |
| Manybar goatfish (moano) | <i>Parupeneus multifasciatus</i> |
| (Limu wawae`iole) | <i>Codium edule</i> |
| (Limu manauca) | <i>Gracilaria coronopifolia</i> |
| Kona crab | <i>Ranina ranina</i> |
| Slipper lobster | <i>Parribacis antarcticus</i> |
| Helmet urchin | <i>Colobocentrotus atratus</i> |
| Oblong urchin | <i>Echinometra oblonga</i> |
| Thin-shelled rock crab | <i>Grapsus tenuicrustas</i> |
| Black purse shell | <i>Isognomon californicum</i> |
| Dotted periwinkle | <i>Littoraria pintado</i> |
| Black nerite | <i>Nerita picea</i> |
| Rock-boring urchin | <i>Echinometra matbaei</i> |
| False `opihi | <i>Siphonaria normalis</i> |
| Purple rock barnacle | <i>Nesochthamalus interestus</i> |
| Pleated rock crab | <i>Pachygrapsus plicatus</i> |
| Snakedhead cowry | <i>Cypraea caputserpentis</i> |
| Blue-back urchin | <i>Echinotrix diadema</i> |
| Black-foot `opihi | <i>Cellana exarata</i> |

