Christmas, 1927

CHRISTMAS DINNER BATTERY "A," 16th C. A.
FORT DeRUSSY, T.H.

Menu

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Roast Turkey

Giblet Gravy *Sage Dressing*

Celery *Sweet Pickles* *Olives*

Oyster Soup *Oyster Crackers*

Cranberry Sauce *Baked Fresh Ham*

Mashed Potatoes *Sliced Tomatoes*

Shrimp Salad *Sweet Corn*

Apples *Oranges* *Bananas*

Mince Pie *Fruit Salad* *Apricot Pie*

Cocoanut Layer Cake *Chocolate Layer Cake*

Strawberry Ice Cream

Iced Grape Juice *Lemonade*

Bread and Butter

Cigars *Cigarettes*

Mixed Nuts *Candy*

PRINT SHOP - FORT DE RUSSY.

CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE OF EVENTS IN HAWAIIAN HISTORY

1527. Probable arrival of shipwrecked Spaniards at Keei, Kona district, Island of Hawaii. November.
1555. Discovery of the Hawaiian Islands by Juan Gaetano, Spanish navigator.
1736. Birth of Kamehameha I at Kokoiki, Kohala district, Island of Hawaii. November.
1768. Kaahumanu, who became a wife of Kamehameha I, born at Kauwiki, Hana district, Island of Maui.
1778. Discovery of the islands of Oahu and Kauai by Capt. James Cook, English explorer and navigator, who named the group the Sandwich Islands. January 18.
1778. Discovery of the Island of Maui by Captain Cook on his second visit. November 26.
1779. Death of Captain Cook at the hands of natives at Kealakekua, Island of Hawaii. February 14.
1790. Kamehameha's invasion of the Island of Maui and battle of Kepaniwai at Wailuku. July.
1792. Arrival of Captain Vancouver, English navigator and explorer, at Kealakekua, Island of Hawaii. March 5.
1793. Second visit of Captain Vancouver. First cattle landed. February 14.
1794. Third visit of Captain Vancouver. January 9.
1795. Battle of Nuuanu and conquest of the Island of Oahu by Kamehameha. April.
1796. Failure of Kamehameha's expedition against the Island of Kauai. April.
1796. Wreck of Captain Barber's ship at Barber's Point, Island of Oahu. October 31.
1797. Liholiho, later Kamehameha II, born at Hilo.
1803. First horses landed at Kawaihae, Island of Hawaii, by Captain Cleveland. May 24.
1810. Cession of the Island of Kauai to Kamehameha I, thereby completing his sovereignty over the entire group.
1816. Construction of fort at Honolulu.
1819. Death of Kamehameha I at Kailua, district of Kona, Island of Hawaii. May 8.
1819. Abolition of idolatry and the overthrow of the oppressive "tabu" system. October.
1820. Arriva of the first American missionaries from New England on the brig "Thaddeus." March 31.
1820. Arrival of the first whale ship, the "Mary," Captain Allen, at Honolulu.
1821. First Christian meeting house built in Honolulu. August 25.
1822. First printing in the Hawaiian language. January 7.
1822. First Christian marriage at Honolulu. August 11.
1823. Departure of Kamehameha II and suite for England. November 27.
1824. Death of Kamehamalu, the queen, at London. July 8.
1824. Death of Kamehameha II at London. July 14.
1824. Rebellion on the Island of Kauai, and defeat of insurgents. August 8 and 18.
1824. Kapiolani descends into the crater of Kilauea and defies Pele, Hawaiian goddess. December.
1825. Kauikeaouli, Kamehameha III, proclaimed king, and Kaahumanu regent. June 6.
1826. Mosquitoes introduced at Lahaina by the ship "Wellington."
1826. Visit of the United States ship "Peacock," Capt. Thomas Ap Catesby Jones. October.
1827. Arrival of the first Catholic missionaries in the ship "Comet." July 7.
1827. First laws published. December 8.
1830. Birth of Lot Kamehameha, afterwards Kamehameha V. December 11.
1831. Beginning of Lahainaluna Seminary, Island of Maui. September.
1831. Banishment of Catholic priests to California on the brig "Waverly." December 24.
1832. Birth of Lunalilo. January 31.
1832. Death of Queen Kaahumanu. June 5.
1833. Bethel Street Church, Honolulu, opened for worship. November 28.
1834. The newspaper "Kumu Hawaii" printed at Honolulu.
1834. Birth of Alexander Liholiho, afterwards Kamehameha IV. February 9.
1835. Death of John Young, Sr., at Honolulu. December 16.
1836. First English newspaper, the "Sandwich Island Gazette," published at Honolulu. July 30.
1836. Birth of David Kalakaua, afterwards king. November 16.
1838. Birth of Lydia Kamakaeha Liliuokalani, afterwards queen, September 2.
1840. Royal School opened at Honolulu for the instruction of the children of chiefs. May.
1840. First constitution proclaimed. October 8.
1842. Treasury board appointed with Dr. G. P. Judd as president. May 15.
1842. Punahou School opened. July 11.
1842. Recognition of the independence of the Hawaiian kingdom by the United States. December 19.
1843. Arrival of H. B. M.'s ship "Carysfort," Lord George Paulet. February 10.
1843. Private cession of Hawaii to Great Britain. February 25.
1843. Restoration of Hawaii's independence by Admiral Thomas of the British Navy. July 31.
1843. Recognition of Hawaii's independence by Great Britain and France. November 28.
1845. First legislature convened by Kamehameha III. May 20.
1846. Land commission organized. February 11.
1846. New treaties with Great Britain and France concluded. March 26.

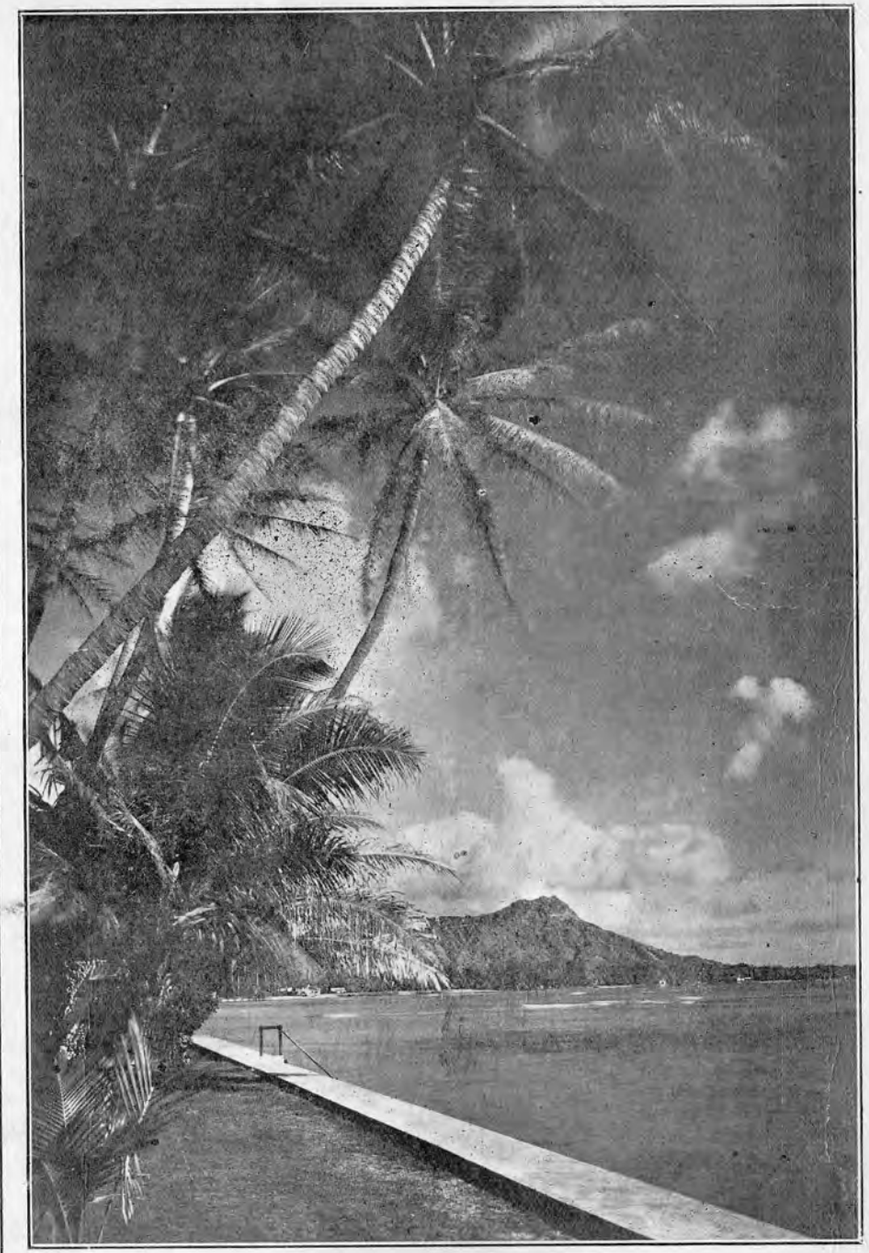
1848. "Great Mahele," or division of the lands. January 27 to March 7.
1848. First party from Hawaii leaves for the California gold fields. August.
1849. Departure of Dr. Judd and Princes Lot and Alexander on a diplomatic mission to France and England. September 11.
1849. Treaty with the United States concluded. December 26.
1851. Protectorate offered to the United States. March 10.
1851. New treaty with Great Britain concluded. July 10.
1853. Arrival of the first Mormon missionaries. April 28.
1853. Epidemic of smallpox. May to October.
1854. Death of Kamehameha III. December 15.
1855. Great eruption of Mauna Loa toward Hilo. August 11.
1856. Marriage of Kamehameha IV to Queen Emma. June 19.
1857. Demolition of the fort at Honolulu.
1857. Introduction of the first honey bees. October 21.
1860. Cornerstone of The Queen's Hospital, laid at Honolulu. July 17.
1860. First regular trip of the steamer "Kilauea" on the inter-island run. July 18.
1863. Death of Kamehameha IV. November 30.
1865. Departure of Queen Emma for England. May 6.
1865. Order of Kamehameha founded. April 11.
1865. Death of R. C. Wyllie, minister of foreign affairs for twenty years. October 19.
1865. Removal of the remains of the kings to the new Royal Mausoleum. Honolulu. October 30.
1866. Return of Queen Emma from England. October 22.
1867. Laying of the corner stone of the Anglican cathedral, Honolulu. March 5.
1868. Violent eruption of Mauna Loa, accompanied by earthquakes and a volcanic wave. April 2.
1870. Arrival of the "Wonga Wonga," first steamer on the Australian route. April 19.
1870. Death of Queen Kalama, widow of Kamehameha III. September 20.
1872. Cornerstone of "Aliiolani Hale" laid. March 20.
1872. Death of Kamehameha V. December 11.
1873. William C. Lunalilo elected king by the legislature. January 8.
1874. Death of Lunalilo. February 3.
1874. Election of David Kalakaua as king by the legislature. February 12.
1874. Prince W. P. Leleiohoku proclaimed heir apparent. February 14.
1874. Departure of King Kalakaua for the United States. November 17.
1875. Return of the king from the United States. February 15.
1875. Birth of Princess Kaiulani. October 16.
1876. Ratification of reciprocity treaty with the United States. August 15.
1877. Death of Prince Leleiohoku. April 10.
1877. Princess Liliuokalani proclaimed heir apparent. Aprl 11.
1879. Kahului railroad, Island of Maui, opened. July 17.
1879. First artesian well at Honouliuli, near Honolulu, bored. July.
1879. Cornerstone of the Royal Palace laid at Honolulu. December 31.
1880. First artesian well at Honolulu. April 28.
1881. King Kalakaua departs on tour of the world. January 20.
1881. Smallpox epidemic at Honolulu. February.
1881. Cornerstone of Lunalilo Home laid. April 9.
1881. Return of the king from his world tour. October 29.
1884. Death of Mrs. Bernice Pauahi Bishop. October 16.
1885. Death of Queen Emma Kaleleonalani. April 25.
1886. Great fire in Honolulu. April 18.
1887. Death of Princess Likelike. February 2.
1887. New constitution proclaimed. July 7.
1889. Insurrection led by Robert W. Wilcox. July 30.
1891. Death of King Kalakaua at San Francisco. January 20.
1891. Acession of Queen Liliuokalani. January 29.
1893. Provisional government follows revolution. January 17.
1894. Establishment of the Republic of Hawaii. July 4.
1895. Insurrection in favor of the queen. January 6.
1898. Annexation of Hawaii to the United States. July 7.
1898. United States flag raised at Honolulu. August 12.
1899. Death of Princess Kaiulani. March 6.
1900. Territorial government begins with Sanford Ballard Dole as first governor. June 14.
1900. Second Chinatown fire, Honolulu. January 20.
1900. Election of Robert W. Wilcox, Home Rule party, as first delegate to Congress.
1900. Coal depot at Honolulu elevated to status of U. S. naval station.
1901. First territorial legislature convenes. February 20 .
1901. First wireless communication among the islands by what is now the Mutual Telephone Co. March 1.
1901. Organization of Honolulu Rapid Transit & Land Co. and replacement of horse-drawn tram cars with electric street cars.
1902. Pacific-Commercial cable, linking Hawaii with the mainland, landed at Honolulu. December 28.
1902. Prince Jonah Kuhio Kalanianaole, Republican, elected delegate to Congress. He held that office continuously for more than 20 years, until his death.
1902. Surveys of Pearl Harbor begun.
1903. George R. Carter appointed second governor of Hawaii.

HISTORY—Continued

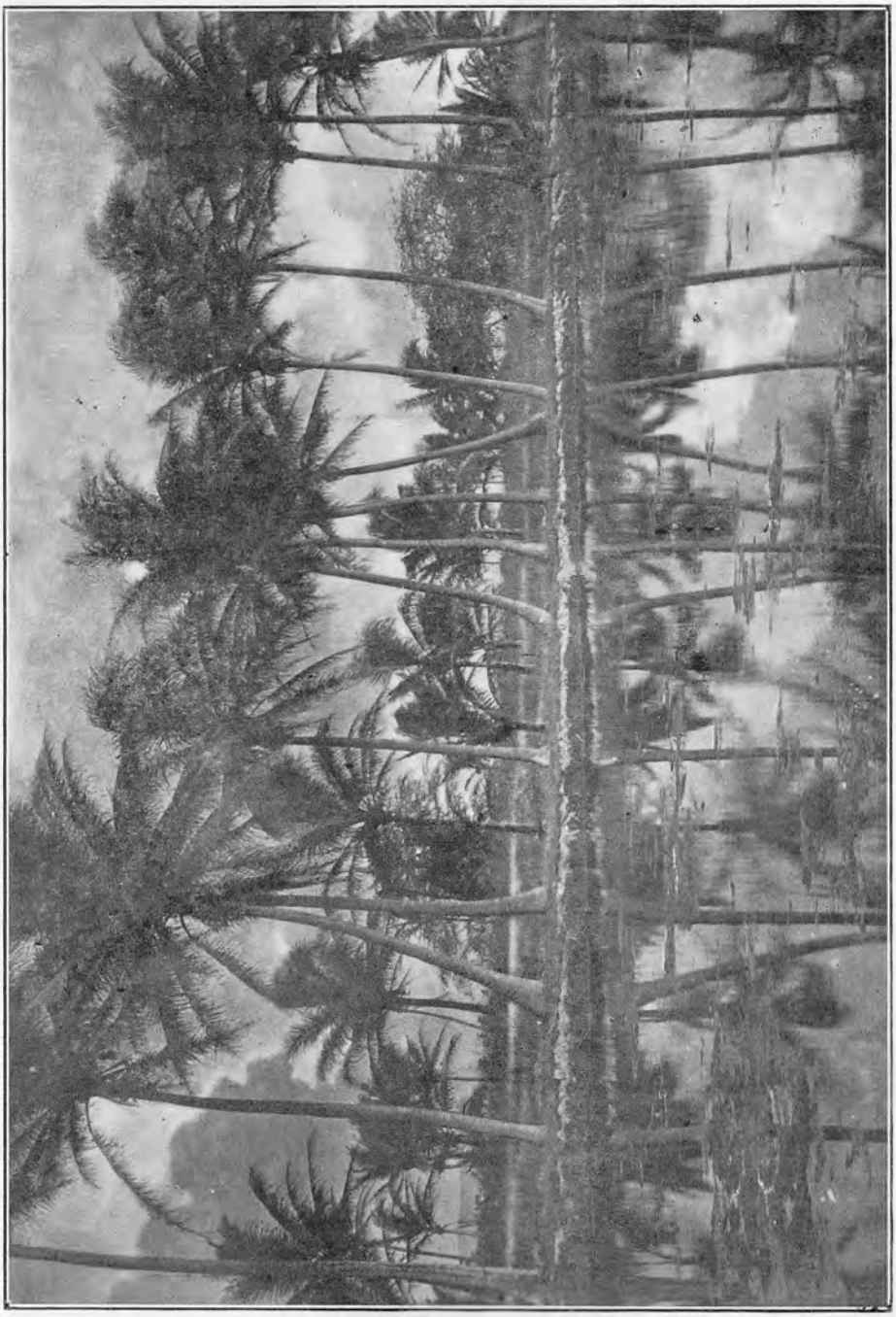
1903. Condemnation proceedings to acquire Pearl Harbor lands begun.
1903. Operation of cable begun.
1905. County government established.
1907. Walter F. Frear appointed third governor of Hawaii.
1907. Completion of Mutual Telephone Co.'s radio station at Kahuku, Oahu.
1908. American battleship fleet visits Honolulu on its way around the world. Sept.
1908. Work begins on construction of naval station and drydock at Pearl Harbor.
1909. Municipal government for Honolulu inaugurated with Joseph J. Fern as first mayor.
1910. Introduction of aviation to Hawaii by "Bud" Mars at Honolulu. December 31.
1910. Second federal census in Hawaii, showing population of 191,909.
1912. Duke Kahanamoku becomes champion swimmer of the world at the Olympic Games at Stockholm, Sweden, July 6.
1913. Collapse of the Pearl Harbor drydock. February 17.
1913. Lucius E. Pinkham appointed fourth governor of Hawaii.
1914. Revised drydock plans adopted. December.
1914. Marconi radio station opened at Honolulu.
1915. Submarine F-4 sinks in Honolulu Harbor. March 25.
1916. Marconi radio station opens commercial traffic with Japan.
1917. Mobilization of Hawaii National Guard for service in World War.
1917. German crews demolish engines of 17 interned merchant vessels, and the German gunboat Geier, in Honolulu harbor. February 4.
1917. Death of former Queen Lydia Liliuokalani. November 11.
1918. Charles J. McCarthy appointed fifth governor of Hawaii.
1919. Admiral Lord Jellicoe, hero of the battle of Jutland, visits Honolulu on board H. B. M. S. New Zealand. October 31.
1919. Pearl Harbor drydock successfully unwatered for first time. March. Formally opened by Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels. August.
1920. Prince of Wales makes first visit to Honolulu aboard H. M. B. S. Renown. August 30. Makes second visit upon his return from Australia.
1920. Centenary of arrival of first missionaries observed.
1921. Press Congress of the World meets at Honolulu.
1921. Wallace R. Farrington appointed sixth governor of Hawaii.
1921. Passage of Hawaiian Homes Act, providing for the rehabilitation of the Hawaiian people, by Congress. July 9.
1922. Delegate Kuhio dies. January 7.
1922. H. A. Baldwin elected to complete Kuhio's term.
1922. Election of William P. Jarrett, Democrat, as delegate to Congress.
1922. Federal building at Honolulu opened. April 1.
1922. Washington Place formally opened as territorial executive mansion. April 20.
1924. Delegate Jarrett re-elected.
1924. Congress passes the Hawaiian "Bill of Rights."
1925. Governor W. R. Farrington reappointed.
1925. American battle fleet conducts notable maneuvers in Hawaiian waters.
1925. First attempt to fly from the American continent to Hawaii is undertaken by Comdr. John Rodgers, U. S. N., and crew of three in a seaplane of the PN type. The seaplane was forced to land on the ocean when near Hawaii, and was picked up nine days later by a submarine off the coast of Kauai.
1926. Victor S. K. Houston, formerly a commander in the U. S. Navy, elected on the Republican ticket as Hawaii's delegate to Congress.
1926. Sanford Ballard Dole, president of the provisional government and Republic of Hawaii, and first governor of the Territory, dies.
1927. Lieuts. Lester Maitland and Albert F. Hegenberger, A.C., U.S.A., make the first successful flight from the American mainland to Hawaii, using a tri-motored Fokker monoplane.
1927. Ernest Smith and Emory Bronte, civilians, complete a flight from the American mainland to Hawaii, landing on the island of Molokai.
1927. Arthur Goebel and Lieut. William Davis, U. S. N., flying the monoplane Wollaroc, and Martin Jensen and Capt. Paul Schulter, flying the monoplane Aloha, win first and second places, respectively, in the James D. Dole trans-Pacific non-stop flight from the American mainland to Hawaii.
1927. Richard Grace, civilian aviator, after making several unsuccessful attempts, abandons efforts to make a non-stop flight from Hawaii to the American mainland.

NATIVE RULERS OF HAWAII

Name.	Birth	Accession	Death
Kamehameha I	Nov. —, 1736	1795	May 8, 1819
Kamehameha II	1797	May 20, 1819	July 14, 1824
Kamehameha III	Aug. 11, 1813	June 6, 1825	Dec. 15, 1854
Kamehameha IV	Feb. 9, 1834	Jan. 11, 1855	Nov. 30, 1863
Kamehameha V	Dec. 11, 1830	Nov. 30, 1863	Dec. 11, 1872
W. C. Lunalilo	Jan. 31, 1832	Jan. 8, 1873	Feb. 3, 1874
David Kalakaua	Nov. 16, 1836	Feb. 12, 1874	Jan. 20, 1891
Liliuokalalani	Sept. 2, 1838	Jan. 29, 1891	Nov. 11, 1917



Diamond Head from Waikiki Beach



-:- **Aloha Land** -:-

Roster

BATTERY "A" 16th COAST ARTILLERY
FORT De RUSSY, T. H.

CAPTAIN CLIFFORD D. HINDLE
Battery Commander

1st LIEUTENANT PAUL C. HOWE
Executive

1st SERGEANT
Everett C. Corn

SUPPLY SERGEANT
Louis F. Staff

MESS SERGEANT
WilliamA ldinger

SERGEANTS

Edward A. Janosky
Willie L. Duncan
Bernard J. Cullen
John W. Morrison
Arthur E. Halvorson

CORPORALS

Nathaniel Duncan
Edgar Kenyon
John Rosen
Herman Meyers
Rex A. Dockins
William Fitzpatrick
James Armburst
Terrance Longacre
Russel Rhoda
Harry Wyttenback
Arthur Nicely

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

Raymond Billings
Marvin M. Brown
Verne V. Cowan
David C. Davies
Floyd A. Gillbank
Collier K. Hall
Melville Johnston
Harry C. Brown
Morris Cohen
Charles D. Cox
Alfred Dougherty
Michael Girgerck
Harry E. Hatfield
John Jula

(*Roster Continued on Page* 6)

Roster

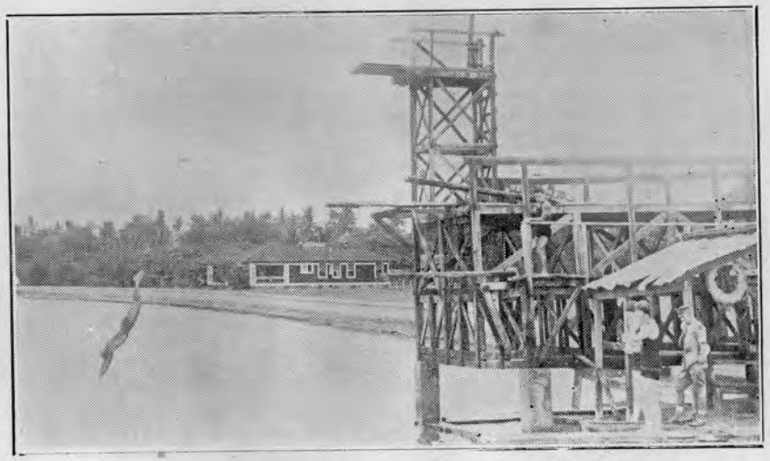
BATTERY "A" 16th COAST ARTILLERY
FORT DeRUSSY, T. H.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

Joseph H. Kalas
Floyd E. Kline
Marcus P. Miles
Cleveland G. Pipes
Luther M. Reid
Clifford M. Swenson
James B. King
Wilfred J. Lee
Earl F. Pierce
Ovy C. Profitt
Robert Suttles
Clifford H. Van Arsdale

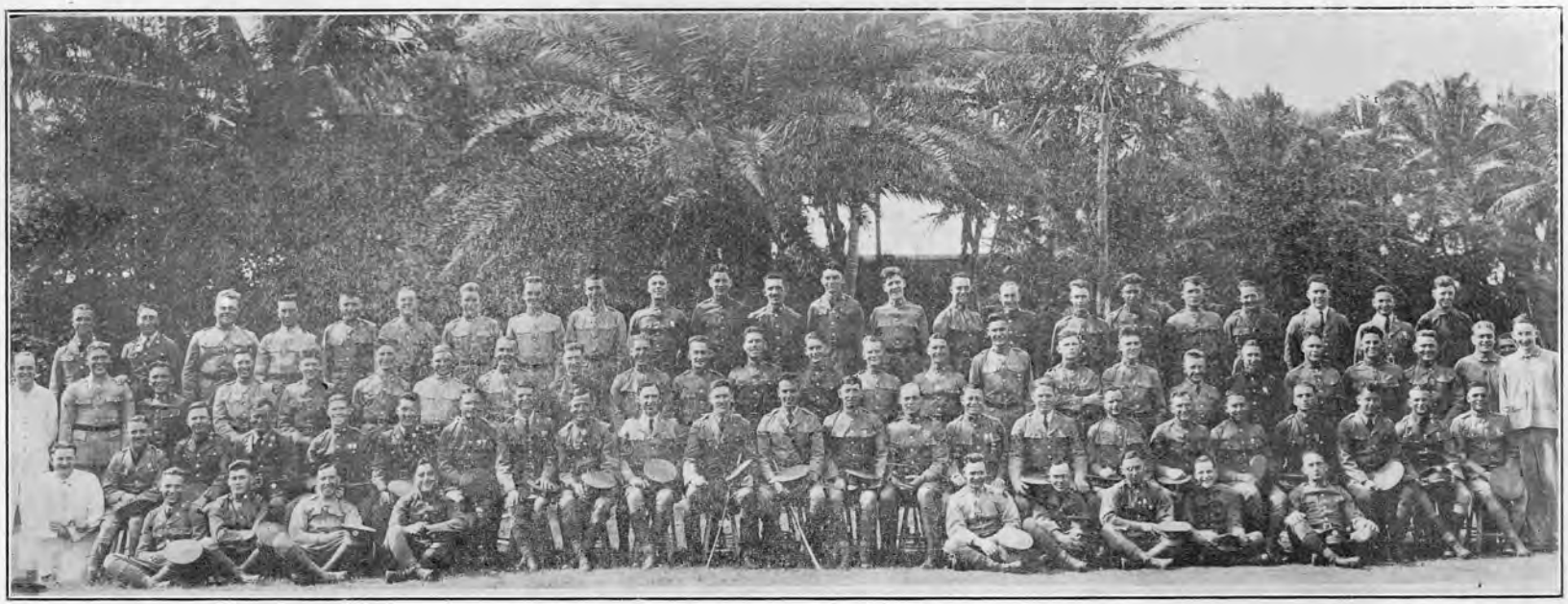
PRIVATES

William R. Alexander
John Armstrong
Joseph H. Bayer
Victor J. Bishop
Herman A. Brotz
Ezra F. Bryant
Leslie L. Clark
Floyd W. Cox
Walter Daly
Robert Dempsey
James A. Dray
John E. Ellmons
Mike Franks
John J.Gordon
Marion S. Hatcher
Frank J. Hergina
Carl M. Johnson
William B. La Vanno
Joseph C. Mc Donald
Harry H. Miller
Elmer J. Nicholson
John Orlikowski
Loren A. Robbins
Lloyd F. Schrecengost
Guy B. Sheely
Carlos C. Swain
Chester Galloway
Mose Alsup
Jason W. Ashby
John J. Bernwinkler
Roy W Blickenstaff
Charles E. Brown
William F. Campbell
Nelson G. Clifford
Frederick W. Crocker
Russel L. Davis
Joseph J. Dempsky
Robert L. Duncan
Stanley E. Elswick
Rudolph C. Genest
Albert Hassan
Lowell F. Hendershot
John Jacobcik
Joseph A. Kidwell
Harry Lind
Leonard A. Mc Wethy
Natalie M. Monte
Stanley Novitski
George C. Parker
Leslie C. Ryan
Lester Schultz
Clovus L. Sims
Albert W. Toops
John W. Wagner



DIVING PLATFORM, FORT DeRUSSY.

HEADQUARTERS BUILDING, FORT DeRUSSY.



-:- **Battery "A", 16th Coast Artillery** -:-